THE Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,522—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 20, 1911. PRICE: ONE ANNA

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
22nd Dec.	OCEANA	7069	MOLDAVIA	10000
29th " 1912	MALOJA	11300		
4th Jan.	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
12th "	PERSIA	8000		
20th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	10000
27th "	OCEANA	7069		
2nd Feb.	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
10th "	CHINA	8000		
17th "	SALSETTE	6000	MANTUA	11000
24th "	EGYPT	8000		
2nd Mar.	MACEDONIA	10000		
9th "	ARABIA	8000		
16th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	11000
23rd "	ARCADIA	7000		
29th "	PERSIA	8000		
30th "	MALWA	10000		
6th April.	MOOLTAN	10000		
13th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	11000
20th "	MANTUA	11000		
27th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALOJA	12000
4th May.	EGYPT	8000		
11th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
18th "	ARABIA	8000		

The above Regular Mail Steamers are fitted with *WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.*

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipping to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Steamers leave the BALLARD PIER, on day ... All passengers must attend at that place ... for Medical Inspection by the Health ... Passengers cannot go on board the ...

...E PASSENGER STEAMER, ...A," 7,000 tons, will leave BOM... WEDNESDAY, 20th MARCH, ...EILLES, PLYMOUTH and ... Passengers in ONE CLASS only

	Single.	Return.
...	Rs. 594	Rs. 743 or Rs. 891
...	or Rs. 627	Rs. 792 or Rs. 940

...TRAITS, CHINA, ... NEW ZEALAND.

...ave Bombay fortnightly ...king Passengers for the ...d Return Tickets are ...

...further information, ... C. SYMES, Superintendent.

...M & CO.,

...NGER AGENTS, ...

...PPING.

...out charge. ...lected. ...spection. ...stalls of Fares, ..., &c., gratis, ...and insured. ... arrival. ...DLAY & Co. ...NDLAY & Co.

...NE OF STEAMERS.

ENGLAND (WEYMOUTH) ...SUEZ AND PORTSAID.

THESE STEAMERS afford ... comfortable accommodation in two, three and four Berth Cabins amidships, for First Class Passengers only.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Leave Bombay about
Umzumbi	... 5000 ...	30th December 1911.

Fare to Rs. 350 to Rs. 400.

For further particulars, apply to—

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Bombay.

SOCIETA NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE Transhipping at PORT SAID.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
R. Rubattino	4,580	Piazzoni	15th Jan. 1912

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Tickets	Rs. 500	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years	Rs. 750*	Rs. 525	Rs. 247-8

*Inside Cabins, Rs. 400 Single and Rs. 600 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples, or Genoa. 1st Class, Rs. 740; Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their Journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS

are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY to COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE and HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Lachia	6000	G. Belsito	16th Jan. 1912.

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140 to ... to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. 230.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean Black Sea, and American Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

G. DEGROSSI, Agent.

Sightseeing Circle.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS :—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamer,	Tons.	Sailing.	Date.	Time.	Route via.
Dumra	... 1695	Thurs.	21st Dec.	9 a.m.	*C. M.
Linga	... 2184	Fri.	22nd Dec.	6 a.m.	† direct.
Lhasa	... 2184	Mon.	25th Dec.	11 a.m.	‡ via P. D. & C. M.

*Cutch Mandvie.
†Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.
‡Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvie.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSSEH (Weekly).

S. S. "Dumra," 1695 tons, on Thursday, 21st Dec. calling at Muscat, Linga, Bushire, and Mahomerah.

FOR PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S. S. "Madura," 1956 tons, on Wednesday 20th December, calling at Verawal, Mangrol, Karachi, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, and Bushire.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Monthly.)

S. S. "Pentakota," 3418 tons, on or about 28th December, calling at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "Lindula" 3358 tons on or about 30th December.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO., Agents, Bombay.

20th December, 1911.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES, FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on
			THURSDAY.
Yarra	4142	Rosati	21st Dec. 1911.
Polynesien	6363	Bruno	18th Jan. 1912.
Ville-dela Ciotat	6378	Eschenauer	15th Feb. 1912.
Nera	5538		14th Mar. 1912.
Oceanien	4143	Cousin	11th April 1912.
Armand Behic	6335	Gelonnet	9th May 1912.
Yarra	4142	Rosati	6th June 1912.

TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE and JAPAN.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about
Annam	6075	Veziat	21st Dec. 1911.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about
Nera	5538		20th Dec. 1911.
Oceanien	4143	Cousin	20th Jan. 1912.

For further particulars apply to—

J. de COURTOIS, Albert Building Hornby Road. Agent.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged :—

ANCHOR LINE SAILINGS.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay.
Olympia	5124	R.H. Brown, R.N.R.	20th Dec. 1911
*Circassia	6716	C. F. Osborne R.N.R.	3rd Jan. 1912
Scindia	5106	W. Kelso	23rd " "

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1912.

			Leave Bombay
Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell	7th Feb. 1912
*Elysia	6363	A. Haig	24th Feb. "
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	8th Mar. "
Olympia	5124	R.H. Brown, R.N.R.	23rd " "
*Circassia	6716	C.F. Osborne R.N.R.	6th Apr. "
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	21st " "
Castalia	6339	G. Mitchell	3rd May "
*Elysia	6363	A. Haig	17th " "
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	2nd June "

*Fitted with Marconi Wireless Telegraphy".

	Single.	Return
Bombay to Suez	Rs. 413	627
Bombay to Portsaid	" 446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	" 573	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool.	" 853	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	" 590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	" 605	957
Bombay to New York	" 803	1,340
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez	" 446	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay

For any further information regarding passage apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents, Bombay

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ltd.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ld."

BANKS.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL	£1,200,000
RESERVE FUND	£1,625,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:

38, Bishopsgate, London E. C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES :

Hamburg	Ipoh (Perak), F. M. S.	Manilla
Bombay	Medan Deli (Sumatra)	Cebu
Calcutta	Singapore	Hongkong
Madras	Malacca	Canton
Rangoon	Kuala Lumpur (F. M. S.)	Foochow
Colombo	Klang (F. M. States.)	Shanghai
Karachi	Seremban (F. M. States.)	Tientsin
Amritsar	Bangkok	Hankow
Penang	Batavia	Yokohama
Pukat	Soerabaya	Kobe
Ensiging (Perak F. M. S.)	Saigon	New York

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Re. 1. Half yearly amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS 10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M. Saturdays—10-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

POST BOX No. 34.

JOHN GREIG, Agent.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 16,750,000
Gold Reserve Fund	£ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

AMOY	IPOH	PENANG
BANGKOK	JOHORE,	RANGOON
BATAVIA	KOBE	SAIGON
BOMBAY	KUALA LUMPUR	SAN FRANCISCO
CALCUTTA	LONDON	SHANGHAI
CANTON	LYONS	Do HONG KEW
COLOMBO	MALACCA,	SINGAPORE
FOOCHOW	MANILA	SOURABAYA
HAMBURG	NAGASAKI	TIENTSIN
HANKOW	NEW YORK	YOKOHAMA
HONGKONG	PEKING	YOKOLO

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Re. 1 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months or term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

J. A. JEFFREY, Agent, Carlton House, Outram Road, Bombay.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS	£ 325,000

HEAD OFFICE :

60, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.

LONDON BANKERS

The Bank of England,

The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES :

BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR, PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms :—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH, Manager.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

THE CREDIT BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:

"7, Green Street, Fort, Bombay."

BRANCHES:

Ahmedabad, Baroda, Bhawnagar, Hyderabad (Sind) Junagadh, Karachi, Mandvi (Bombay), Nadiad, Rajkot, Sukkur and Surat.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL

Rs. 50,00,000.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 100 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum, and on sums over Rs. 1,03,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 2 per half year will be showed.

SAVINGS BANK.

Interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum, rules on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed Deposits for 12 months and shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

LOANS OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interests thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges particulars of which may be had on application.

JAFFER JOOSAB, Manager.

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes :—

4 inch by 4½ inch ...Rupee 1 per hundred*
9½ inch by 4½ inch ...Annas 14 per do. *
If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Rs. 3 per 1,000.
5 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand*
If printed on flap Rs. 4 per thousand.

It is said that "One of the most distinguishing peculiarities of the human race is the liking for personal adornment and eventually the love of the beautiful in any form."

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,

offer you an inexhaustible collection of the

MOST BEAUTIFUL
MOST ARTISTIC
MOST PRACTICAL

to make your selection for

GIFTS FOR CHRISTMAS AND FOR THE NEW YEAR.

You are offered a wealth of suggestions unequalled for VALUE, unequalled for NOVELTY and unequalled for PRACTICAL USE from an unparalleled Stock of Jewellery, Watches, Clocks, Silver and Electro-plate of the best quality only.

MARCKS & Co., LTD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

150°

"SHELL"

"SHELL" BRAND CASE OIL.

150°

It is no longer necessary to pay an extravagant price to obtain the best oil.

HAVE YOU TRIED

"SHELL"?

It is the finest American Case Oil.

150°

"SHELL"

OTHER 150° OIL COSTS Rs. 6 PER CASE

REFINED and PACKED in AMERICA.

150° TEST

NO SMOKE and NO SMELL.

"SHELL" COSTS Rs. 5-4 PER CASE.

DON'T allow your Butler or Grocer to decide what Brand of oil you burn

SEE THAT YOU GET

"SHELL"

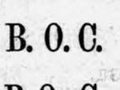
THE BEST OIL FOR THE BEST LAMPS.

IMPORTED BY

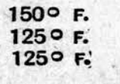
THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM CO., LD.,

GRAHAMS BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

"SHELL" 150°



"SHELL" 150°



B. O. C. KEROSINES

WATERLILY	150° F.
CHUKKER	125° F.
VICTORIA	125° F.

B. O. C. LUBRICATING OILS.

B. O. C. MOTOR OILS, A. & B. MOTOR GREASES.

Specially Prepared for MOTOR-CARS, MOTOR CYCLES & BOATS.

BURMAH OIL COMPANY, LTD.,

Agents:—SHAW, WALLACE & CO., BOMBAY.

JOSEPH EVANS & SONS,

(WOLVERHAMPTON), LTD.,

CULWELL WORKS, WOLVERHAMPTON, ENG.

MAKERS OF

PUMPS & PUMPING MACHINERY,

FOR

STEAM, HAND, HORSE, BELT & ELECTRIC POWER.

MINING & IRRIGATION PUMPS A SPECIALITY.

WRITE FOR LIST No. 20.

CABLE: "EVANS," WOLVERHAMPTON.
CODES: OWN & A B C (5TH EDITION).

Standard Oil Company of New York,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,

BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY

LARGEST IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN:—

Kerosene and Lubricating Oils.
Motor Spirit: Pratt's and Pegasus Brand.
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine.
Grease.
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

KEROSINE OIL BRANDS:—

Snowflake	150°	in cases.	These well-known Brands are imported and sold in cases only.
White Rose	150°	" "	
Chester	125°	" "	
Devoe's	125°	" "	
Monkey	125°	" "	

Elephant 125° in tins, and in bulk from yellow carts.

PATENTED ABROAD. "JOHA" PATENTED ABROAD

(REGISTERED AS A TRADE-MARK.)

A 40 per cent. preparation of Salvarsan ready for immediate use. Will not deteriorate by keeping.

Prepared after the original prescription of Dr. CARL SCHINDLER, Berlin and Geh. Med. Rat. Prof. Dr. A. NEISSER, Breslau

Used with most satisfactory results in many of the leading Hospitals and Clinics on the Continent.

The great popularity which "JOHA" has recently gained in the Salvarsan-treatment is due, firstly, to its almost entire painlessness and, secondly, to its simplicity in use.

"JOHA" is supplied to the medical profession as follows :—

"JOHA" 40 per cent.	1	cc m =0, 4 Salvarsan	Rs. 8 8
	1 1-2	cc m =0, 6 Salvarsan	" 10 12
"JOHA" for children	1	cc m =0, 1 Salvarsan in packages containing 5 tubes	" 10 4
	1	cc m =0, 2 Salvarsan in packages containing 3 tubes	" 10 12
Syringe with 3 needles and a canula in metal case			" 4 8

FULL LITERATURE ON APPLICATION.

N. POWELL & CO.,

HORNBY ROAD, FORT, AND BYCULLA, BOMBAY.

FOR X'MAS SEASON!

SPECIAL REDUCTION in this article of MACCARONI VERMICELLI and SOUP PASTES in Boxes of 10 lbs. nett at Rs. 2 per box.

FRESHLY ARRIVED and now unpacked the following :—

DUTCH CHEESE BALLS in tin foil (cream de la cream) Rs. 2-14.

MUSCATEL RAISINS (Extra choice), in 3 lbs. boxes at Rs. 2.

IMPERIAL PLUMS, in 7 lbs. tin at Rs. 5-4.

FRESH MALAGA GRAPES (large size), in bulk.

Various other Brands of PROVISIONS and OILMANSTORES from the well known High Class Houses.

Visit our STORES early and it will pay you with the fullest satisfaction in the purchase of your Stores.

AT

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.,

THE ITALIAN STORES.

105, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

MONGINI BROTHERS.

CORONATION CHOCOLATES

IN BOXES WITH PORTRAIT OF THEIR MAJESTIES;

tied with Red, White, Blue Ribbon :—

1/2 lb. size box	... ...	Re. 1
1 lb. size box	... ...	Rs. 2

Also a large selection of CORONATION BOXES having portraits of THEIR MAJESTIES THE KING-EMPEROR AND QUEEN-EMPRESS.

From As. 14 to Rs. 5 per box.

CORONATION BOXES OF CROCKERS, CROWNS, CROWN GEMS, SAILOR KING, ETC.

MONGINI BROTHERS,

25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

SEND FOR 'XMAS LIST NOW READY.

&c THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2 Green Street, Fort, behind the Bank of Bombay.

REPORTS, Petition, Memorial, Business, Announcement, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS are invited for POSTS of EUROPEAN POLICE SERGEANTS, in the Bombay City Police, on pay Rs. 110, with free quarters to the extent of Rs. 50 plus a Capitation grant for clothing at Rs. 3-12-0, per mensem, each. Intending candidates should apply in person, at the Head Police Office, opposite the Arthur Crawford Market, during office hours with testimonials, &c., before January 15, 1912.

S. M. EDWARDES,
Commissioner of Police.

Head Police Office,
Bombay, 18th December, 1911.

THE ASSOCIATED EXCHANGE BANKS.

THE ASSOCIATED EXCHANGE BANKS will be CLOSED, on SATURDAY, MONDAY and TUESDAY, the 23rd, 25th and 26th instant, being Public Holidays under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

NOTICE.

A PUBLIC AUCTION will be held on January 16th 1912 at 2 p. m. at the office of the Manager Encumbered Estates, Hyderabad, Sind, for the sale of property consisting of pearls, precious Stones and Gold ornaments valued at about Rs. 35,000

Th. WEBB,
Manager Encumbered Estates in Sind.

BOMBAY, BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

NEW THROUGH SERVICE TO PESHAWAR FROM JANUARY 1ST.

DOWN.		UP.	
Bombay	Dep. 21-30	Peshawar	Dep. 7-55
*Rutlam Jn.	Arr. 10-0	Rawalpindi	Arr. 12-15
Do.	Dep. 10-20	Do.	Dep. 12-27
Bharatpur	Arr. 21- 1	Lahore	Arr. 19-20
Do.	Dep. 21-11	Do.	Dep. 19-45
Delhi	Arr. 1-0	Ferozspore	Arr. 21-29
Do.	Dep. 1-31	Do.	Dep. 21-36
Bhatinda	Arr. 6-51	Bhatind a	Arr. 23- 3
Do.	Dep. 7- 1	Do.	Dep. 23-13
Ferozepore	Arr. 8-28	Delhi	Arr. 4-32
Do.	Dep. 8-35	Do.	Dep. 5- 0
Lahore	Arr. 10-20	Bharatpur	Arr. 5-26
Do.	Dep. 10-45	Do.	Dep. 5-46
Rawalpindi	Arr. 17-51	*Rutlam Jn.	Arr. 19- 5
Do.	Dep. 18- 6	Do.	Dep. 19-25
Peshawar	Arr. 22-25	Bombay	Arr. 5-20

*Fast Trains connect at Rutlam Junction to and from Mhow and Indore.

A through Carriage will run via Delhi to and from Saharanpur to the following Timings :—

Delhi	Dep. 1-15	Saharanpur	Dep. 23-15
Meerut	Arr. 2-35	Meerut	Arr. 2- 3
Do.	Dep. 2-42	Do.	Dep. 2-13
Saharanpur	Arr. 4-29	Delhi	Arr. 4-13

FREDERICK W. HANSON,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 15th December, 1911.

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

DELHI CORONATION DURBAR.
PASSENGER FARES AND RATES FOR HORSES, CARRIAGES AND MOTOR CARS AND TIMINGS OF TRAINS BETWEEN BOMBAY AND DELHI.

THE following are the PASSENGER Fares and Rates for Horses, Carriages and Motor Cars and TIMINGS of TRAINS between BOMBAY and DELHI :—

PASSENGER FARES.

SINGLE JOURNEY.	Rs. a.	RETURN JOURNEY.	Rs. a.
First Class ...	66 3	First Class ...	125 12
Second Class ...	33 3		
Third Class ...	8 12	Second Class ...	62 14

RATES FOR HORSES, CARRIAGE AND MOTOR CARS.

SINGLE JOURNEY.	Rs. a	RETURN JOURNEY.	Rs. a.
First Horse ...	107 10		
Each additional horse ...	53 12	First Horse ...	161 7
One Carriage ...	161 7	Each additional horse ...	80 12
Two Carriages loaded on one truck same owner.	242 3		
One Motor Car ...	242 3	One Carriage ...	242 3
Two Motor Cars on one truck same owner ...	376 11	One Motor Car....	363 4

DAILY TRAIN SERVICE.

PUNJAB MAIL.	H. M.	CORONATION EXPRESS.	H. M.
Victoria Terminus.		Victoria Terminus.	
	D.....14 30		D.....22 30
Delhi (2nd day)		Delhi (3rd day)	
	A.....20 30		A..... 8 20

The Coronation Express will run from the 15th November to the 20th December.

These Trains, which will be duplicated if necessary, are fitted with electric lights and fans, and Dining Cars are attached on the journey.

Passengers intending to travel by these trains are recommended to book their seats in advance.

A. C. RUMBOLL,
General Traffic Manager.

Victoria Terminus,
Dated 30th August, 1911.

SALES BY AUCTION.

J. S. MODY AND COMPANY,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
24-26 Bank Street, Fort.

SALE THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, 20th December at 1 p. m. (S. T.) sharp.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 20th December, at 1 p. m. (S. T.) sharp, Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms in Bank Street, Fort, by order of the firm concerned and on account and at the risk of Mahomed Salemahomed.

An invoice of 500 bags Italian potatoes marked s. s.

The above goods are open for inspection at C and E Sheds in Prince's Docks.

GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO MERCHANTS AND PRIVATE BUYERS.
BONA-FIDE AUCTION SALE of Japanese Fancy and Artistic goods suitable for Christmas and New Year Presents.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 20th December, at 2-30 p.m., (S.T.), Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co., Auctioneers, are instructed to sell by Public Auction, in the Petit Buildings, near Alice Buildings, and opposite the Oriental Buildings, on Hornby Road, Fort, a consignment of Japanese curiosities, just landed, ex s. s. "Wakasa Maru," consisting of superior kaga and satsuma gold decorated colored vases, bowls, plates, porcelain tea and coffee sets, dinner services of 174 pieces, jardineers, flower pots, table ornaments, gold gilt lacquered ware, wooden carved cabinet writing desks, richly carved wooden screens, Chinese cloissonneware, Chinese ware, Kobe crepe embroidered carrees, for Parsi ladies, taffa silks, cotton blouses, etc.

The above is on view.

SALE on FRIDAY, 22nd December, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.)

On FRIDAY, the 22nd December, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs J. S. MODY & Co., Auctioneers, are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at "Harbour View," first floor, near the old Apollo Hotel, on Colaba Causeway, very valuable French and mahogany polished new designed household furniture, such as tapestry lined drawing-room suites of sofas and chairs, corner cabinets, iron and brass bedsteads, almyrahs, cabinets, glass, crockery and plateware, carpets, aluminium cooking utensils, etc., etc., the property of K. E. Stevens, Esq., and others.

The above is on view.

J. S. MODY & CO.

Bombay, 20th December, 1911.

AMUSEMENTS.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

BOMBAY.

Half-Owner & Manager...MAURICE E. BANDMANN.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 23RD
FOR TWO WEEKS ONLY.
MR. MAURICE E. BANDMANN
Presents
R. G. KNOWLES
and Constellation of London Stars
Round the World on a Wave of Laughter.
THE
ONE ONLY ORIGINAL
R. G. KNOWLES,
whose name alone is sufficient to fill.
Every Vaudeville Theatre in London ;
IDRIS LEWIS, A. R. C. M.
from the Queen's Hall, London ;
TERRY and BENTLEY,
from the Palace Theatre, London ;
WINIFRED JOHNSON,
from the Alhambra, London;
KELLY and ASHBY,
from the Empire Theatre, London.

Prices : Rs. 5, 3, and Re. 1.

Seat Plan now open at S. Rose and Co.

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TO-NIGHT,
THE IMPERIAL DURBAR.
PRESENTATION OF COLORS.
Perfect pictures of the greatest event of the present century.
TIME AND PRICES AS USUAL.

SKATING RINK.

OPEN DAILY.
PRACTICE SESSION, 8 to 9 a. m.
LADIES ONLY, 9-30 to 10-30 a. m.
EVENING SESSION 6 to 8.
BAND EVERY THURSDAY and SATURDAY.
NIGHT SESSION, 9-30 to 11-30
from MONDAY, 18th Dec.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE BUILDING PLOT, at the Corner of Shaik Memon and Abdul Rehman Street, opposite the Crawford Market.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 20th December 1911, at 4-30 p. m. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction, on the premises, the following very valuable building plot for the period of 999 years :—

Plot No. 115, admeasuring 709 sq. yards. Shops will be allowed on the above-plot, and nahanis will be allowed near the rooms.

This plot is a very valuable plot fronting as it is on three roads and situated in one of the busiest localities of Bombay.

Architects interested in the plot are advised to consult the Trust Engineer, before the auction, regarding the development they may have in view in connection with the above plot.

For further particulars, auction and building conditions, form of lease, plans of the sites can be had on application to the Trust Engineer, Trust Buildings, Fort, or to the undersigned.

Under instructions from the Executors of the late Mr. A. B. Dannett, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 21st instant, at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.), sell by Public Auction, at Middle Colaba, opposite the Post Office, the valuable and handsome teakwood and blackwood, plain and carved household furniture, rich glass and crockeryware, best plateware, dinner and desert sets, sliding dining table, arm and without arm chairs, mirror back sideboard and dumbwaiters, chiffoniers, drawing-room suite in 10 pieces, drawing-room cabinets, single and double mirror door almyrahs, cloth and gown presses, marble top dressing and washhand tables, mahogany square piano by Scheidmayer, revolving piano stool, jardineers, card table, rocking and reclining chairs, English palm stand, carved teapoys, Curzon chair, dressing chest of drawers, clothes basket, easy chairs, bentwood chairs, reclining sofa, handsome flower vases and table ornaments, cane chairs, pictures table and hanging lamps, meatsafe, rich carpets, copper utensils, a collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, etc., etc.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

On SATURDAY, the 23rd instant, at 3-30 p. m., (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

At 2 p. m. (S. T.)

1 second-hand rubber-tyred glass fronted miniature brougham, in good order.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred victoria, in good order.
1 bay horse, goes in saddle.
1 grey pony, quiet in harness.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 20th December, 1911.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & CO.,
BUYING AGENTS. PRODUCE AGENTS.

BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. having for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY, STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, offer their services to Firms abroad.
CATALOGUES OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED, CLOSEST PRICES ASSURED.

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WILLIAM J. KEYMER & CO.,
68 FENCHURCH STREET LONDON, E.C.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs. 37-8 per annum credit, or Rs. 30 in advance, post free.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid

YOUR PIANO.—Does it need TUNING or REPAIRING ? We place the services of a thoroughly Competent Workman at your disposal. Our charges are MODERATE, and whatever we do for your Instrument, we guarantee that it will be done as well as it is possible.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., AGENTS for the world-known "Bluthner" Pianos, Bombay and Poona.

G. MEHTA & Co., Goldsmiths and Jewellers, Abdool Rehman Street, Corner Pydhouni, Baria Building. Telephone No. 1288.

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REPAIRS OF Rs. 1-8 within 25 years. I take this opportunity to tell you that Singer's Sewing Machine, which purchased 25 years ago, has required only Rs. 1-8 for repairs, and it is still going strong of all parts.—I. B. Gardener, 10, Forbes Street, Bombay.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Box Leading Cases. By W. E. H., Re. 1. Apply No. 404 care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

BOOKS FOR SALE.—GARNETT'S "International Library of Famous Literature" 20 vols ; "Scribner" '50 to '82 five vols; "Century" '84 and '85, 4 vols. Offers. Box 2693, care of this Office.

SPECIAL OFFER.—Commercial Envelopes "Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes — 9½ inch by 4½ inch Rupee 1 per hundred 9½ inch by 4½ inch, Annas 14 per hundred, (If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Re. 3 per 1,000 5 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Re. 2½ per thousand If printed on flap, Re. 4 per thousand.

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ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work Binding, Stationery, etc.

RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, near Moos Buildings, Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit. Board and Residence, Rs. 2 and 3 per day. Very easy terms for permanent residents, Splendid Bars, Brand-new Billiard Tables, Dinner, Rs. 1-4-0; Tiffin, Re. 1-0-0; Breakfast, As. 12. Dinner served till late hours.

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OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices :—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 8 annas a copy ; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy ; over 12 months old, and additional rupee for each year ; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Re. 2 must be paid in advance.

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DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
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No slipping off the Nose.

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Apply the Bombay Gazette Office.

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SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
21, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY.

Situate at Peru Lane, Bhindi Bazar, out of Fort, Bombay.

In the High Court of Judicature at Bombay
Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.
Suit No. 985 of 1909.

Noorbibi Alias Baima, daughter of Abbas Khan Lal Khan, by her next friend Shaikh Cassum Dada Miya..Plaintiff.
Vs.
Gouskhan Alias Baba Miya and others .....Defendants.

In pursuance of the directions contained in the decree made in the above suit and bearing date the 31st day of August, 1911, Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co., will, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of December, 1911, sell by Public Auction, the undermentioned property, on the premises, at 4-30 o'clock (S. T.), in the afternoon.

PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Fazendari land or ground, containing by admeasurement 118 4-9 square yards or thereabouts, together with all messuages, tenement or buildings standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Peru Lane, Bhindi Bazar, outside the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay, under B Ward No. 2343, and Street No. 42-44, and bounded as follows, i. e. :—On or towards the east by the house of Abdul Sultan Haji ; on or towards the west by the house of Syed Sajan Miya Refai, on or towards the north by the sweeper's passage, and on or towards the south by the aforesaid Peru Lane.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Messrs. Jamsetji, Rustomji and Devidass, Solicitors, at their office No. 5, Bell Lane, Fort, Bombay, or to the undersigned Auctioneers.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 20th December, 1911.

The Bombay Gazette Christmas Number, 1911.

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Free to Subscribers.
2 ans. per copy to Casual Readers.

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One rupee each.

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cures ring-worm Dhobies itch in a day.
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Motor Cars as used by H. I. M. The King-Emperor, H. E. The Viceroy, and all the principal Ruling Chiefs of India have placed these cars in the front rank far in advance of other Motors.

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A GOANESE ENGINE DRIVER, knowing English, to proceed to British Central Africa for S. H. Rly., 3 years Agreement, on a salary of £10 per month inclusive of rations. The rate of pay is for a day of 10 hours, all work in excess being paid for at the same rate.

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H. A. W. BRENT,
Ag. Manager.

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PAID-UP CAPITAL ... " 30,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS... ... " 17,

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Dairen (Dalny)
Hankow
Hongkong
Honolulu
Kobe
Liaoyang
London
Lyons

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACC
approved customers, and (int
cent. per annum on daily
Rs. 100,000, provided that th
interest is not less than Rs.
FIXED DEPOSITS are
shorter periods on terms wh
application.
Every description of B
business transacted.

Post Box No. 207
Hornby Road, Fort, B

ALLIANCE

CAPITAL (Paid up)
RESERVE FUND
Paper) .....

HEAD O

Calcutta, Bombay, A
ling, Lahore, Mussoori
Umballa.

CORRE

London, Edinburgh,
principal towns

CURRENT ACCOUN
allowed at 2 per cent.
from Rs. 500 up to Rs.
allowed when the sum acc
Rs. 5 half yearly.
FIXED DEPOSITS recei
at rates which can be ascertai
SAVINGS BANK—Deposit
allowed. Rules on applicatio
BANKING BUSINESS of
transacted RULES OF BUSINE
on obtainable upon application.

E.

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

BANK OF BOMBAY
SAVINGS BANK.

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms :—
Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.
Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.
Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance, not exceeding Rs. 5,000.
Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.

J. EGGIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE
TOWN SUBSCRIBERS.

	Subscription. Rate	Discount Rate.
Yearly ...	Rs. 25 0	Rs. 20 0
Half-yearly ...	" 13 12	" 11 0
Quarterly ...	" 7 8	" 6 8
Monthly ...	" 2 8	" 2 0

SINGLE COPY ... ... ONE ANNA.

MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Yearly ...	Rs. 37 8	Rs. 30 0
Half-yearly ...	" 20 0	" 16 0
Quarterly ...	" 10 10	" 8 0
Monthly ...	" 3 12	" 3 0

SINGLE COPY... ... TWO ANNAS.

N. B.—To obtain the benefit of the discount payment must always be made in advance.

For rates of old issues of the "Bombay Gazette" See Special Short Advertisements Columns.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

For Advertisements of two or three lines, relating to such matters as Small Sales ; Business Cards, Situations, Wanted Servants, Houses, or Lodgings Required ; Change of Residence and Articles Lost or Found, the scale is as follows :—

Not exceeding three lines ... ... Re. 1-0
Each succeeding line... 0-8

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than One Rupee. Payment must in all cases be made in advance.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First Insertion ...	...	Rs. 6-0 Per Inch.
Second Insertion	...	" 3-2 do.
Third Insertion ...	...	" 2-0 do.
Fourth Insertion	...	" 1-8 do.
Fifth and upwards	...	" 1-0 do.
Minimum charge	...	" 6-0 do.

In the Native Languages double the above rates.

For Advertisements, which are to be inserted on any Month of these special conditions can be had.

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SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 16, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY, situate at 13th Camatipoora Street.

Under instructions from the Mortgagees, Dhana Meghajee and others, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor, Bora Ibrahimjee Hakimjee, who is an adjudged Insolvent, under the power of sale reserved to the mortgagees in the indentures of mortgage, dated 24th April, 1908 and 21st December 1909, on the day and at the time and place, mentioned below, the following valuable landed property :—

Lot No. 2, Camatipoora property.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of December, 1911, at 4-30 p. m (S. T.) on the premises.

PARTICULARS.—All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground, situate on the side of Camatipoora 13th Street, outside the Fort, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, together with the massuage, tenement or dwelling-house, standing thereon, containing by admeasurement 80 square yards or thereabouts, Registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 3182, 3184, New No. 10043, Old Survey No. 1-2839, and New Survey No. 6426, and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E Ward No. 2026, Street Nos. 45-47 and 49; and bounded as follows :—That is to say on or towards the east by the sweeper's passage and beyond that, property of Janoo Thakooji, on or towards the west by the sweeper's passage and beyond that, property of Mithoobai, wife of Shaik Mahemed on or towards the north by the sweeper's passage and beyond that, property of Janoo Thakooji, and on or towards the south by the said Camatipoora 13th Street.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to the undersigned at their office, No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE of 25 cases of Assorted and Choice Fancy Japanese Goods, suitable for Christmas Presentations.

Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction, TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 21st instant, at 2-30 p.m., by order of the Bank concerned in the shop, at the corner of Medows Street and Esplanade Road, opposite Messrs. Treacher and Co., a consignment of 25 cases of Japanese goods, just received from Kobe, Japan ex s. s. "Columbo Maru," consisting of Awata porcelain vases, jars, Koro, China, old satsuma ware, teasets, plates, cloisonne vases, assorted old brassware, antimony ware, Bronze ware screens, hanging pictures, kimiono mandarin coats and other miscellaneous and assortment of Japanese goods, good for presentation too ...rous to mention.

...ove goods will be sold to the highest bid... ...he same is on view.

...ON SATURDAY, 23rd instant.

...RDAY, the 23rd instant, at 2-30 p.m., ... CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed ...lic Auction, at No. 9, Queen's Road, ... nearly opposite to Church Gate Sta... ...tab'e and neat made 1stest design ... blackwood French-polished house... ...rich glassware and crockeryware, ... set of dining table and chairs, ...board and dinner waggons, drawing... ... sofas and chairs lined silk ...e side and corner cabinets, ...bler and teapoys, book cases, ...writing tables, iron and brass ... double door almyrahs, marble ...shhand tables, clothes and ...able ornaments, engravings ...nd proof table and standing ...olled top writing table with ...abinets, carpets, etc., the ...chard, 96th Bazar Infantry, ...hers.

...d and the property is on

...O CAPITALISTS.

...VERY VALUABLE

...known as "IDGWADY, ...CHROTALAL WADI," ...y of Broach, either in ...

...R. D. Sethna, Esq, the ...signee of the Estate and ...lal Vakil, an adjudged ...er of the High Court ... 5th October, 1911, ...278 of 1911. Messrs. ...uctioneers, will sell by ... premises, at Broach, the ...ly described in the schedule ... known as "IDGAWADI" ..., the 7th day of January,

...THE WHOLE PROPERTY.

... parcel of land, situate at ... District of Broach, bearing ... measuring about 13 acres ... and standing in the name ...manjibhai, in the records of ...ent and bearing No. 147. ...la land, admeasuring about 8 acres ...as, and standing in the name of Hakim ...ohidin, in the records of the Government, ...mpound wall, surrounding this piece of ...aring No. 146 and 147, a well, stable, hotel ..., near the well, rooms for Smith's work, store ...s for grass, and storeyed bungalows, a bunga... without any storey and all other buildings, pertaining to them and a bungalow at the gate with all the rooms below, store rooms, and premises and buildings built and situate on the said piece of land and opposite to the bungalow at the gate, and which is called a Hotel House, with other roofed rooms and all and any remainders of any and all of these buildings on the said piece of land, which is bound by as follows :—On or towards the north by the high way road, on or towards the south by the Panjrapole lands and European Gymkhana, on or towards the east by the Mahomedan's Takia and Missionary lands, and on or towards the west by a high way road, leading to Khursi and Bhangia's Rashaita.

N. B.—The above property will be put up for sale either in one lot or in separate lots as shown in the plan, which may be inspected at the office of the Auctioneers, at No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, or on the sale day, on the premises, at Broach.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned, at No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 20th December, 1911.

NEW TEAS, NEW TEAS,

TRY THE

MAY BLOSSOM.

THE

MAY BLOSSOM

TEAS

Are the Best in the Market, having been picked and blended by an Expert

A CHOICE CUP OF TEA

BE PUT OFF WITH NO OTHER,

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

APPLY EARLY TO

CROFT, MODY & Co.,

BOMBAY.

WHOLESALE AGENTS

RETAIL SUPPLIERS :—Messrs. BRANDON & CO. Victoria Terminus, and Messrs. DENISON & CO Hummum Street, Fort.

AMUSEMENTS.

EXHIBITION OF OLD BOMBAY.

The greatest collection of Amusements and Attractions ever assembled in India.

CINEMATOGRAPH

The finest Durbar films in Bombay.

TO-DAY, Special Engagement of the

BAND OF

H. I. M. the KING-EMPEROR

HOUSE OF NONSENSE,

SPIDER'S WEB,

BIRTH OF FLORA,

JOY WHEEL,

SCENIC RLY.

Provide a Whirlwind of Pleasure.

STADIUM

Semi-finals of the

Indian Army

HOCKEY MATCH.

Specially Reduced Admission to 8 As, and 2 As. for the Afternoon Performances.

In the Evening at 9-30.

Grand Festival of Music by

MASSED BANDS.

Admission as usual.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKETS

LONDON, DEC. 18.] [BOMBAY, DEC. 19.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2½ per cent. Consols ...	77 3-8	1-8	
do. Rentes ...	94 3-4	ex	
3 1-2 do. Sterling Loan ...	93 1-2	un	chgd
3 1-2 do. Gov. Securities...	84 7-16		1-16
Bar Silver in London ...	25 5-16		3-16
do. 2 months' hence...	25 2-16		1-8
Bar Silver in New York ...	54 7-8		1-8
Exchange on London at Paris...	25·23 1-2	un	chgd
do. do. at Berlin...	20·45	un	chgd
do. do. New York...	4·86 3-9	un	chgd
Discount Bank of England Rate...	4 p. c.	since	
do. Short London Bills	21st Sept		
do. 3 months' sight ...	3 13 16		1-8
do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight...	3 1-2	un	chgd
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills...	4 1-4	un	chgd
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills...	4 1-4	un	chgd
Interest day-to-day Loans ...	3 5-8	1-4	
do. 7 day Market Loans...	3 3-4	un	chgd

Bar Gold 77·9 unchgd

Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate) 1 3 31-32 unchgd.

Closing Tone of Silver—Sellers at the rate.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spot ... Easier. Good business done.
Futures ... Steady.
East Indian ... .
Manchester ... Buyers operating quietly.
Total Sales ... 10,000 bales
Sold on Speculation and for Export... 1,000 "
Imports ... 14,000 "
Mid-Americans ... 5·02—03
Egyptian F.G.F. Brown ... 9 unchgd

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Dec-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apr.	April-May
4·90 +03	4·90 +02	4·92 +02	4·93 +02	4·95 +02
May-June	June-July	July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	
4·98 +03	5·00 +02	5·02 +02	5·03 +02	

New York Official noon call Jan. 8·90 ; May 9·14.

New Orleans 10 a.m. Jan. 9·02 ; May 9·16.

NEW YORK—

	Bales.
Receipts at all U. S. Ports ...	62,000
Receipts at U. S. last year ...	.....
Exports to Great Britain ...	1,000
Exports to Continent ...	61,000
Spot Cotton— ...	945 unchgd
Futures—Month of Jan. 5·84+03	Advanced on bull support and short covering and declined on Southern selling of Futures in the local market.
Futures—Month of May 9·07—03	

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot Cotton ... 9 1-4 unchgd
Futures—Month of Jan. ... 9 01 unchgd
Do. do May ... 9·16+01
Tone of Spot Cotton ... Steady.

WHEAT.

Wheat White Delhi ... Nominal.
Do. Months— .....
Do. Name of Ports— .....
Wheat White Karachi ...37 unchgd
Do. Months—Dec.-Jan.
Do. Name of Ports—London—Sellers.
Wheat Red Karachi ... 36 1-4+1-4
Do. Months—Dec.Jan.—London—Nominal.
Tone—Firm.
Wheat afloat for U. K. ...2,560,000

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rosario Santa Fe-62lbs. ... No sellers.
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.
Barletta Busso 62 1-2lbs ... No sellers.

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian ...36 1-4 unchgd
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.—Sellers.
Victorian ...36 1-4 unchgd
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.—Sellers.
New South Wales ...36 1-4 unchgd
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.—Sellers.

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—

Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs., 85 p.c. ex-ship ...Nominal.
Do. Months— ....
Do. Name of Ports— ....
Yellow Guzerat, per 416 lbs, 85 p. c. ex-ship ... Nominal
Do. Months— .....
Do. Name of Ports.— .....
Brown Cawnpore ... 46+1-2
Do. Months—Mar.-May
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Nearest value.
Tone—Firmer.

LINSEED—

Bombay per 416 lbs ex-ship ... 66 1-4 unchgd
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.
Do. Name of Ports—Continent—Dear.

Tone—Firmer.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ... 61 1-2+1 1-2
Do. Months—Dec.-Jan.
Do. Name of Ports—Hamburg—Buyers.

COTTONSEED—

Bombay Cottonseed ... £ 6-15-0
Dec.-Jan.—Hull—Sellers—Firm

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—

In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality) ... ... 14 1-2 unchgd

RUBBER—

Para Rubber ...4 4 1-2 unchgd
Dec.-Jan.—Sellers—Quiet

METALS—

Copper Brazier's ..... £ 73 1-2
Yellow Metal ..... d 6 3-8
Standard Copper G M B ..... £62 5-15.

FREIGHT—

Coals—Cardiff to Bombay Canal 12 6—Value

ARRIVALS—

"Steenbergen".

SUGAR—

German granulated sugar C. and F. India double bags ...18 1 1-2—1 1-2
Do. Months of Shipment Jan.-Mar.—Sellers
Tone—Easier—Quiet neglected.
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India ...Nominal.
Do. Months of Shipments .....
German Beet-root 88 p. c. 14 8 1-2—3 3-4
Months of Shipments ... Jan.
Tone—Flat Easier on increased crop estimate by Factories
BAR & Similar Crystals C & F India 20+3 3-4
Months of Shipments ...Mar.-Aug.—Sellers
Tone—Dull—Nothing whatever doing—Holders asking higher prices.
Mauritius Crystal C & F Calcutta and Bombay ...16 4 1-2 unchgd—Value
Months of Shipments ...Dec.
Tone—Quiet.
Java, General Tone—Still Idle.

The Amended Factories Estimate of the Beetroot Sugar crop is 6,250,000 tons.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

TUESDAY EVENING.] [19th DEC. 1911.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importers
	Rs.		
158 Bars Silver..	3,00,000	London	Yokohama Bank
1 Parcel Silver	14	do	Indian Specie Bank

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 16th & 17th Dec., 1911.

By	Bars	Ounces
G I P Railway	36	42,397
B B and C I Railway ...	37	43,663

FINANCIAL.

EXCHANGE:—

The market opened firm at 1s. 4 1-16d. T. T. and Demand, and 1s. 4 9-32d. for 3 months' sight credits. The enquiry for Bank remittance has been small and Private Bills are still scarce. Far Eastern rates are easier.

We quote :—

T. T. on London	...1s. 4 1-16d.
Demand Draft	...1s. 4 1-16d.
Credits 3 months' sight	...1s. 4 9-32d.
Do. do forward	...1s. 4 9-32d. Feb.
Do. do France	...171 1-4
Do. do Marks	...139 1-4
Hongkong 60 days' sight	...136 3-4
Shanghai "	...182
Japan "	...150

GOVERNMENT PAPER :—

The market opened at 96 5-16 for Cash and 96 3-16 for the Settlement. Only a small business has been done. At the close the market is steadier and rates have improved 1-16.

We quote :—

Cash	Rs.	96	6	0
Settlement ... ... "	96	4	0	buyers.

BULLION :—

Yesterday Bar Silver in London closed 3-16 lower for ready at 25 5-16 and 1-8 lower for delivery in two months at 25 3-16 with sellers at these rates. New York was 3-8 down at 54 7-8. The local market opened easier at 63 11-16 ex duty and have given way further during the day, closing as under. Bar gold is steady.

We quote :—

English Bar Gold	Rs	23	15	0
Australian "	"	23	15	0
Sovereigns "	"	15	0	0
Silver Ready ex-duty ...	"	63	8	0
" 1st Settlement ...	"	63	11	0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT:—

The Home markets again show little or no change. Locally, prices opened at about yesterday's closing quotations, good Broach being Rs. 249 and fine M. G. Bengal January Rs. 241. For forward delivery only a small business has been done and prices close as under.

For ready cotton there has been a moderate demand which holders are freely meeting.

QUOTATIONS :—

NEW CROP.

Good M G Broach	Rs.	249 1-4	March
Fine M G Wardha Hinganghat ...	"	246	Jan.
Fine M G Nagpur	"	244	"
Fine M G Yeotmal	"	242	"
Fine M G Dhamangaon-Pulgaon ...	"	240	"
Fine M G Khamgaon-Akola...	"	232-9	"
Fine M G Khandeish ...	"	231	"
F. G. M. G. Khandeish ...	"	224	"
Fine M. G. Bengal ...	"	243	Dec.
Fine M G Bengal	"	232-10	nominal
F. G. H. G. Bengal	"	224-5	

LIVERPOOL OPENER :—

Opening Tone ... ...Quiet but steady.
Estimated Sales ... ... 8,000 bales
Total Imports ... ... 24,000 "

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-April.
4·88 —02	4·88 —02	4·90 —01	4·91 —02
Apl.-May.	May-June	June-July.	July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.
4·93 —02	4·96 —02	4·99 —01	5·01 —01	5·02 —01

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED :—

The market is firm in sympathy with Home advices. We quote:—

Ready ...	Rs.	12	0	6 B.T.
May ...	"	10	13	0 R.T.

RAPESEED :—

The market is steadier. We Quote:—

Brown Delhi A.-M. ...	Rs.	8	3	6 R.T.
Yellow Guzerat ready ...	"	8	13	0 B.T.
Brown Cawnpore ready...	"	7	15	0 "

GINGELLYSEED :—

The market is quiet but steady. We quote :—

Bold White 85 p.c. ...	Rs.	11	9	0 R T
Gulburga ... "		55	0	0
Red Jubbalpore ... "		52	0	0
Black Kutni ... "		47	0	0

CASTORSEED :—

Tone—Steady. We quote :—

Ready ...	Rs.	7	7	0 R.T.
Forward ... "		35	4	0

COTTONSEED :—

Tone—Steady. We quote :—

Ready. —Rs 25 8 0 to 26 0 0

POPPYSEED :—

Tone—Steady. We quote :—

Ready ... Rs. 10 11 6 B. T.

GROUNDNUTS —

Tone—Steady. We quote :—

Bold ... ... Rs. 41 0 0

MOWRASHED :—

Tone—Quiet but steady.

Ready ... Rs. 7 6 0 R. T.

WHEAT :—

The market is steadier. We quote :—

White Pissi ready 85 p.c. Rs. 5 1 0 R. T.
" Delhi A.-M. ... " 5 5 0 "

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay			1,775
Bank of India			67 1-2
Eastern Bank			79
Indian Specie			50 1-2

MILLS.

David			416 1-4
Kohinoor			757 1-2
Mangokji Petit			2,715
New Great Eastern			200
Standard			1,155

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ordinary ...			151 1-2
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference...			175
Bombay S N Co Ord.			220
Colaba Land and Mill			1,215
Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate ...			17 1-4
Treacher & Co			500

RAILWAYS.

Central Provinces Railway ...			36
Tapti Valley			520

TWO DAYS' RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Produce into Bombay, during the 48 hours ending at 6 p.m., yesterday :—

Cotton	15,711	bales
Wheat	12,116	owts.
Linseed	740	"
Rapeseed	33	"
Gingellyseed	7,899	"
Poppyseed	nil	
Groundnuts...	3,352	"
Castorseed	2,692	"
Rice	1,246	"
Myrabollams	536	"
Cottonseed	23,259	"
Mowrseed	53	"
Gram	1,923	"
Joowar	1,205	"
Maize	388	"

BANK OF BENGAL.

The following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 11th Dec. 1911, as compared with the statement of 4th Dec. 1911 :—

Liabilities.	Dec 4. Rs.	a.	p.	Dec. 11. Rs.	a.	d.
Capital paid up.	2,00,00,000	0	0	2,00,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund...	1,79,00,000	0	0	1,79,00,000	0	0
Public Deposits, &c	2,26,59,017	13	3	2,29,73,418	10	8
Other Deposits, &c	17,47,81,592	0	3	17,07,02,750	6	7
Bank Post Bills, &c.....	7,47,350	12	4	6,32,317	0	4
Sundries	19,04,375	6	4	18,22,382	11	7
	23,80,32,336	0	2	23,40,30,868	13	2

Assets.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
Govt. Securities other authorized Investments ...	2,33,17,695	0	0	2,30,05,805	0	0
Loans on Govt. & other authorized Securities	74,58,527	12	0	72,50,048	4	0
Accounts of Credit on do ...	3,45,06,440	7	2	3,26,25,153	10	5
Bills discounted, &c	4,59,76,985	14	3	4,48,71,568	6	8
Balances with other Banks ...	3,75,93,920	5	10	3,70,39,681	1	2
Bullion	30,45,915	8	4	35,00,234	5	3
Dead Stock.....	22,03,266	5	6	22,09,658	10	0
Stamps	12,839	1	5	12,859	14	4
Sundries	61,230	0	4	61,522	5	4
	15,41,56,820	6	10	15,05,75,931	9	2
Cash, &c., at... Head Office...						
	8,38,75,515	9	4	8,34,54,937	4	0
Cash, &c., at... Branches						
	23,80,32,336	0	2	23,40,30,868	13	2

ABILITIES.

Government Balance at Head Office	15,09,039	Decrease.
Government at Branches ...	17,83,440	Increase.
Other Deposits	40,78,842	Decrease.
Post Bills	1,15,033	Do.
ASSETS.		
Bank's Investments.....	5,00,369	Decrease
Loans.....	18,81,287	Do.
Accounts of Credit	11,05,417	Do.
Mercantile Bills	5,54,239	Do.
Cash at Head Office	8,16,730	Do.
Do. at Branches	3,96,151	Increase.

Percentage 42·55.

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY AND TRAMWAYS CO., LD.

The monthly statement of earnings for Nov. 1911.

	Earnings for November, 1911.	Increase or Decrease over same month last year.	
	Rs.	Rs.	per cent.
Electric Traction.....	2,24,072	+ 22,915	+ 11·39
*Electric Supply.....	66,042	+ 16,924	+ 34·45
Total.....	2,90,114	+ 39,839	+ 15·91

	Total Earnings from January 1911.	Increase or Decrease over same period last year.	
	Rs.	Rs.	per cent.
Electric Traction.....	21,18,028	+1,47,902	+ 7·51
*Electric Supply ...	6,13,990	+1,16,390	+ 23·39
Total.....	27,32,015	+2,64,292	+ 10·70

* Exclusive of Power supplied to the Tramways.

Bombay, 16th December 1911.

RAILWAY RETURNS

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 2nd December on 504·35 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (Estimated.)	Total Earnings.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total Traffic for the week.....	2,30,000	2,90,000	4,000	5,24,000
Or per mile of Railway.....	456	575	8	1,039
For previous 21 weeks of half year	34,98,503	47,56,960	78,417	83,33,880
Total for 22 weeks	37,28,503	50,46,960	82,417	88,57,880
COMPARISON.				
Total for corresponding week of previous year	1,60,488	3,50,142	7,002	5,17,632
Per mile of Ry...	318	694	14	1,026
Total to corresponding date...	33,57,111	49,36,033	96,475	84,13,619

Increase for the week .....Rs. 6,368
Do. to date .....Rs. 4,44,261

DAILY EXPORTS.—DEC. 19.

FOR LONDON.

Maloja s—100 bales hump Kiddle Reeve and Co; 63 tons cottonseed, meal, The Indian Cotton Oil Co.

Oceana s—1 bundle ivory A. Ahmed ; 3 3-4 cwts ivory J. Jooghraj.

Umzumbi s—10,000 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

City of Athens s—1,160 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros.

Brodsteno s—556 cwts myrabollams, P. Mathoradas and Co; 320 cwts horns and hoofs, E. C. Namji.

FOR HULL.

Hindoo s—6,000 cwts barley ; 2,000 cwts cottonseed Ralli Bros.

Ardgarroch s—6,003 cwts castorseed W. Blythe and Co ; 1,001 cwts myrabollams, G. Balabdas, 3,296 cwts castorseed, L. Pragjee, 18,000 cwts cottonseed Ralli Bros ; 150 bales hemp Kiddle Reeve and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Ardgarroch s—250 tons manganesoore, Kiddle Reeve and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Hurst s—110 bales cotton, F F Campbell and Co; 100 bales hemp, J N Kapadia and Co.

FOR LEITH.

Newbridge's—60,000 cwts cottonseed, 4,000 cwts mussoor, L Dreyfus and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Olympia s—100 cwts cashewnuts, Volkart Bros; 500 cwts linseed, 3,000 cwts teaseed, Ralli Bros; 3 pots rose oil, Phirozo and Co; 2,600 cwts maize, 440 cwts teaseed, Ralli Bros.

City of Athens s—75 cwts teaseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR TRIESTE.

Koerber s—1,000 cwts gingellyseed, C Beggiano and Co ; 165 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.

Mary Bacquehem s—4,000 cwts gingellyseed, K Devchand and Co ; 18,000 cwts gingellyseed, L Dreyfus and Co ; 6,805 cwts gingelly, C Boggiano and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Koerber s—64 bales cotton N Rajaram and Co ; 500 bales cotton, K Visram and Co ; 20,000 cotton, Volkart Bros.

Mary Bacquehem s—300 bales cotton, The Bombay Co ; 1000 cwts castorseed, C Boggiano and Co.

FOR FIUME.

Koerber s—1999 cwts groundnuts, Ralli Bros.

Mary Bacquehem s—2,000 cwts gingellyseed, L Dreyfus and Co ; 4,024 cwts gingellyseed, John Fachiri.

FOR HONGKONG.

Delta s—88 boxes dollars, the Chartered Bank of India and China; 10 cases Cambayatone, 2 cases palm fans, S Gowasjee and Co; 5 chests opium Sassoon J David and Co.

Hakata Maru s—4000 cwts onions, R E Dadschanjee 250 bales twist, S J David and Co.

Nippon s—150 bales twist E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Delta s—9 chests opium, B Belchand; 34 1-2 chests opium, C Bamonjee and Co; 8 chests opium M Gojanand; 18 chests opium, S Khetsidas; 28 chests opium, G Shobohgmal; 28 chests opium, H Surajmal.

Hakata Maru s—250 bales cotton, S P Wadia; 250 bales twist, S J David and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Annam s—50 bales cotton Ralli Bros.

Delta s—400 bales cotton, M Jethabhai and Co ; 500 bales cotton. H Goculdas and Co.

Nippon s—200 bales cotton, N Rajaram and Co ; 400 bales cotton, Ralli Bros ; 200 bales cotton, The M B Kaisha; 300 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 400 bales cotton, N Rajaram and Co.

Delta s—200 bales cotton, M Jethabhai and Co.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Annam s—19 bales cotton, the Japan Cotton Trading Company.

Nippon s—700 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers.

THE FOREIGN CABLE COMMUNICATION

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	America.	Australia.	China.	Africa.
Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Brest Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect.
Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Valentia Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Cadiz Tenerife Perfect.
Via Suez Perfect.	Via Suez Perfect.	Via Direct Cable Perfect.	.....	Via Bhamo Interrupted.	Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 19th December, 1911.

(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time Occupied in Transmission Hrs.	Mts.
Turkey.....	18	4	10 p.m.	22	...
Teheran ...	19	12	45 p.m.	0	48
Suez.....	19	2	30 p.m.	0	29

NOTICES.

Telegrams for Morocco are subject to very great delay and can only be accepted at sender's risk. (18-6-11.)

Telegrams for all places in interior of China, excepting stations on the coast, booked by routes other than Bhamo, can be accepted at sender's risk. (25-10-11.)

Bhamo route to China is entirely closed to traffic at present (1-11-11).

Until further notice telegrams (code) for Turkey cannot be admitted (13-10-11).

Italian administration notify that telegrams for Tripoli are admitted only in plain language and at sender's risk. As an exceptional measure short telegrams in cipher or code language are also admitted if forwarded via Italy and those concerned deposit two copies of their code one at the telegraph office at Rome and the other at the Tripoli Telegraph Office (20-10-11).

It is further notified that the maximum number of words which can be sent in code or cipher telegrams is fixed at twenty-five (24-10-11).

Ramhormuz line interrupted to Ahwaz since 7 a.m. (31-10-11).

Bushire reports messages for Ahwaz and Mohammerah should not be marked "by post over interrupted section." There is no postal service over interrupted section and line is not likely to be restored till next April or May. Therefore all messages for those stations should only be accepted post Bushire. Mail for Mohammerah and Ahwaz leaves Bushire every Wednesday morning and post messages for those places should reach there not later than 6 p.m. Standard Time on Tuesday (4-12-11).

Teheran reports meshed line interrupted since 27th (28-11-11).

Cable Malta Tripoli being much encumbered traffic can only be accepted at senders risk.(13-12-11)

S-V-R PENS
(SUAVITER)

Neither corrodes nor breaks, and writes with touch, smooth as velvet. To give your writing precision and character try the S-V-R.

SIX ANNAS PER BOX

Sold by Stationers and Dealers, also by A. H. WHEELER & CO., BOMBAY and ALLAHABAD, and WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., at all their Stores.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for ANNOUNCEMENT of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, Re. 2 for six lines or less, and 6as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

NELSON—December 9, at Roorkee, the wife of Captain C Nelson, S S O, of a son.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Excelsior Cinematograph Novelty Theatre, Special Attractions.—"The King's Programme." Four shows nightly, 5-30 to 6-45, 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30, 10 to 11 p.m. Exhibition Cinematograph, continuous performances.

Skating Rink. Practice Session 8 to 9 a. m. Ladies only, 9-30 to 10-30 a. m. Evening session 6 to 8 p.m ; night session 9-30 to 11-30.

Maxim : "A man's money and his credit usually disappear about the same time."—Chicago News.

ENGLISH MAILS.

ARRIVAL.

The P. and O. Company's s.s. "Mantua," with the English mails of the 8th instant, left Aden at 9 p.m., on Sunday, and is expected to arrive in Bombay harbour at 5 a.m., on Friday.

DEPARTURE.

The P. and O. Co.'s mail steamer "Oceana" leaves Bombay harbour at 2-30 p.m., on Saturday.

FATAL TRAM ACCIDENT.—Kashinath Vithoba, (47), a Hindu, was alighting from a tram-car which was proceeding along Parel Road, while the car was in motion. In doing so, his left leg slipped and was caught under the wheel and crushed. He was removed to Sir J.J. Hospital, where he died yesterday morning.

POSTAL NOTICES.—Mails for Seychelles, Zanzibar, Quilimane, Mozambique, Beira and L. Marques per s.s. "Konig" will be closed at the General Post Office, at 3 p.m., to-day Wednesday, instead of as previously notified. Correspondence for Natal, Cape Colony and other places in South Africa, will also be forwarded by this steamer. Mails for Ceylon, the Straits Settlements, China, Japan and Australia per s.s. "Delta" will be closed at the General Post Office at 2 p.m. to-day Wednesday, instead of as previously notified. Parcel mail for China closes at the same hour.

SOCIETY OF ST. VINCENT DE PAUL.—On Sunday the 17th instant, this Society celebrated the Feast of the Immaculate Conception of the Blessed Virgin Mary, in the Cathedral of Our Lady of Hope, Kalbadevi. Owing to the indisposition of His Grace the Archbishop of Bombay, the Society's Mass was offered by the Revd. A. Martin, S. J., the Spiritual Director of the Society. A general meeting of the Society was held in the Hall of St. Xavier's High School, at which the Very Revd. Father Boese, Vicar General, in the absence of His Grace, presided. After the recital of the opening prayers, Mr. G. H. Misquitta, the Secretary of the Central Council, read the report for the year ending 31st October, 1911. It showed that there were 20 conferences, consisting of 267 active members. The total receipts had amounted to Rs. 24,732, and the expenditure to Rs. 13,745. Four hundred and eighty four families consisting of 1,074 individuals were relieved during the course of the year.

7TH D. G. BAND AT THE VICTORIA GARDENS.—Taking advantage of the presence of the 7th Dragoon Guards in Bombay, it has been arranged to give performances by the band of this regiment at the Victoria Gardens, Esplanade Band Stand and Chaupati. The first of these performances will be given at the Victoria Gardens on Thursday, the 21st instant, when the usual admission fee for that day will be charged. It is years since a Cavalry Band has given a performance in public in Bombay, and the programmes will, no doubt, be appreciated by the public. They will play the following programme at Victoria Gardens to-morrow :—

Grand March..The King's Bodyguard ...Raymond
Valse.....The Merry Widow .....Lehar
Overture .....William Tell .....Rossini
Reminiscences of all Nations .....Godfrey
Idyl .....Bells of St. Malo .....Rimmer
Three Hungarian Dances.....Mullen
Selection.....Gaiety Girl.....Caryll
Tubaphone
Solo ...Alleante .....Ord Hume
(Soloist, Miss A. Buckle.)
The Guards Patrol .....Lt. Williams, Grenadier Guards.

R. G. KNOWLES'S VISIT.

Mr.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The steamer Brotwalda, 2,556 tons, Captain J. Thomas arrived in harbour on Tuesday from Cardiff November 1, with a cargo of coal. She sailed yesterday evening for Colombo with the same bottom cargo.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Ismaila, 3381 tons, Captain J. R. Ross, sailed yesterday for Karachi, with the same bottom cargo.

The City Line steamer City of Athens, 3571 tons, Captain W. Knaut will sail to-day for Liverpool via Karachi, with a general cargo.

The Hansa Line steamer Stolzenfels 3534 tons, Captain B. V. Tienlin, arrived in harbour on Monday from New York, November 11th with a general cargo and kerosine oil.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

H M S Medina.....Capt A E M ..Ghatfield Royal Navy
H M S Defence.....Capt H H Bruce .....Royal Navy
H M S Cochrane...Capt W E Goodenough ...Royal Navy
H M S Argyll...Capt M Culme-Seymour...Royal Navy
H M S Pelorus .....Comdr Horne... .....R Navy
H M S Natal.....Capt Clement Greatorex...R Navy
H M S Perseus.....Comdr C F B Powell...R Navy
H M S Sphinx .....Comdr John Harvey...Special Service steamer
R I M S Hardinge ...Comdr Luck ....Troopship
R I M S Dalhousie...Comdr D F Vines.....R I Marine
Dongola .....Spicer .....H Transport
R I M S Lawrence ...Comdr de Burgh.....R I Marine

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Dec. 19.

Arcadia .....3513 Barcham...London...P & O Co
Angus .....2320 Dokers.....T Morrison & Co
Avala .....3382 Canham...W & A Graham & Co
Belle of France ...3469 Cadgell ; .....A Yule & Co
Beme.....1899 Younger.....Rangoon.....
Shaw Wallace & Co
Brotwalda.....2586 Thomas ... .
Hymettus.....2895 Wills..... .....
Cuyahoga .....2979 Allerathsen.....Standard Oil Co
Madura.....1278 Logan.....M M & Co
Gutenfels .....3501 Franziers...W & A Graham & Co
Harpenden.....2902 Cromack .....A Yule & Co
Kasara.....804 King .....M M & Co
Maloja .....6782 Wiston...London ..P & O Co
Nurani.....2870 Crebbir.....Calcutta...T M & Co
Pundua.....2126 McDiarmed.....M M & Co
Shirley.....2192 Stone .....T Morrison & Co
Stolzenfels.....3564 Tiensen.....W & A G & Co
Towergate .....2358 Jackson...W & A Graham & Co
Firoozi.....2039 Primrose...Karachi....19-12 .....
B & P S N & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Dec. 19.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
A Upada	3332	Hadgson	P Gulf	21-12	M M & Co
B Hindoo	3156	Groves	Hull	22-12	Finlay & Co
C&R City of Athens	3571	Know	Liverpool via Karachi	20-12	K N & Co
D&E Hurst	2907	Moody	Liverpool	25-12	W & A G & Co
F Clan Gordon	3285	Gray	Madras	25-12	J Finlay & Co
G Nasseri	912	Watson	P Gulf	27-12	B & P S N Co
H President	2086	Bremer	Zanzibar	21-12	A Strandes & Co
K Hakata Maru	3819	Nomura	Kobe	29-12	N Y Kaisha
N Peebles	2732	Wallace	Hull	31-12	T Morrison & Co.
Q Newbridge	2397	Wellett	Antwerp	29-12	W & A G & Co
Q Umzumbi	2138	Rivios	London	30-12	W & A G & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Okara	5439	Moth	Karachi	20-12	M M & Co
2 Olympia	3269	Brown	L'pool	20-12	W & G & Co
3 Ekmoor	2390	Evans	Port Said	20-12	Ralli Bros
4 Brodstone	3049	Martin	Antwerp	23-12	W & A G & Co
5 Koerberg	3164	Foreste	Trieste	1-1-12	A L S N Co
8 Ismaila	3381	Rose	Karachi	19-12	M M & Co
9 Ardcarroch	3160	England	Hull		K N & Co
10&11 Delta	4780	Martin	Shanghai	20-12	P & O Co
12&13 Persia	4954	Haughton	London	13-1-12	P & O Co
14 Dumra	762	Morrison	Basrah		M M & Co
15 Koenig	3176	Von Holdt		20-12	A Strandes & Co

H W P D

Sabarmati	524	Ahmed	Repairing		Bo S N Co
Saraswati	443	Ebram			Bo S N Co
Courland	760	Ebrahi	m		Bo S N Co

P & O Dock.

Gallia	555	Wratt	repairing		J Mackintosh & Co

M W D D

Oceana	3507	Jones	Aden	23-12	P & O Co

ARRIVALS.

Dec.	Vessels	Commanders	From
18	Sholgenfels	Tiesken	N York, Nov 11
19	Brotwalda	Thomas	Cardiff, Nov 1

DEPARTURES.

Dec.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
19	Brotwalda	Thomas	Colombo
	Ismaila	Rose	Karachi
	Helios	Knudsen	Bangkok, &c
	Shirley	Stone	Calcutta

The steamer City of Athens, Captain Knaut, obtained her portclearance yesterday for Liverpool &c.

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday:—
a Steamer Yarra for Marseilles.
a ,, Pentakota for Zanzibar &c.
a ,, Nippon for China &c.
a ,, Marquis Bacquehem Trieste &c.
a To arrive.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Austrian Lloyd steamer Bregenz, left Trieste, on the 18th instant and is due here on the 1st January 1912.

The Ellerman Line steamer City of York, left Liverpool outward bound on the night of the 18th instant.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY COLONEL
R. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.
Bombay, 20th December.

1148. Details of Parades :—
To-day, Wednesday, the 20th instant.—Commanding Officer's parade. Fall in at Sir Richard Temple's Statue at 6 p.m.
Dress.—Drill Order, Uniform, with caps.
II. Maxim Gun.—Instructional Class will be held at Head-quarters, Connell Road, at 7-30 a. m.
Friday, the 22nd instant—All Recruits of the current season to parade at Head-quarters at 6-30 p.m.
1149. Musketry—The Range at Ghat Kopar is allotted for Class-firing as follows :—(For all Class-firing members will take their sidearms to the Range).
Thursday, the 21st inst. "D" Coy.
Friday, the 22nd inst. "F" Coy.
Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6-10 a.m.
1150.—A Proficiency Class will be started early, those wishing to appear this season should submit their names to the Adjutant at once.
1151. Command.—Colonel R W L Dunlop, V D having returned from Delhi resumes command of the Regiment from this date.
R. G. J. BYRNE, Captain,
Adjt. B. V. R.

NOTICE.

Rifle Club matches 25 to 28 will be fired at Ghat Kopar on Saturday, the 30th December, by train leaving Victoria Terminus at 6-10 a. m. I V R A matches 5 and 6 will be open on this day.

In Burma, a Rangoon correspondent writes:—"The Bengalis and up-country Indians are gradually supplanting the Burmese and the Madrassis in most occupations. Years ago when the number of Indians in Burma was very limited, the Madrassi or the Burman was a hard worker, drove gharries, was dhobi, barber, tailor, milkman, etc., and the Madrasi seemed to make money in every occupation he put his hand to. Now in the large towns in Burma, the Bengalis and Indians from Central India are monopolising almost every occupation and are driving the Burmese and the Madrassis to the wall."

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OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS
TO THE PRINCIPAL OPHTHALMIC SURGEONS IN THE EAST
By Appointment to
H. E. THE EARL OF MINTO, P. C., G.M.S.I. G.M.I.E., G.C.M.G., VICEROY AND GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA
AND
H. E. General Sir O'MOORE CREAGH, V.C., G.C.B., I.A., Commander-in-Chief in India.
LAWRENCE AND MAYO'S PERFECT PEBBLES are all cut from Selected Rock Crystal (Oxide of Silicon) of the hardest kind. They are cool, light, faultlessly ground and polished and cannot be scratched by ordinary wear.
HEAD OFFICES:—
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INCLUDING
SMALL-POX, PLAGUE, ENTERIC FEVER
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THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS ASSURANCE COMPANY.
£6 Indian Agents £7
MESSRS. KING, KING & CO.,
BOMBAY
And the North British and Mercantile Insurance Co.'s Offices, 4 and 5 Koila Ghat Street and 100 Clive Street, Calcutta.

STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK,
MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY;

BRAND	Price. Rs. a. p.	
Snowflake 150 deg.	6 0 2	per case
White Rose, 150 deg.	5 12 2	do.
Chester, 125 deg.	4 12 2	do.
Devoe Brilliant 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Tiger 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Monkey Brand, 125 deg.	4 0 2	do.
White Camellia 125 ° (in tins)	3 10 0	per two tins.
Elephant, 125 deg. (in tins)	3 10 0	do.
do. 125 deg. (in Bulk)	3 0 0	per 8 gallons
Camel 125 deg. (in tins)	3 10 0	per two tins

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.
All cans oil sold by Standard Oil Co. of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.
Sandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.
Coorla and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.
Order books supplied gratis on application.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL
FACING THE SEA.
FORT, BOMBAY.

COUNT MATTEI'S REMEDIES.
THE ORIGINAL MATTEI REMEDIES can now be obtained from
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Sole Wholesale Agents in India for these wonderful Remedies.
If you will drop us a line mentioning this Paper, we will send you FREE OF COST a Book which tells you all about them.
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is to enjoy the advantages of a perfect health. Many young men often betake themselves to various vices, that break down the health, and very soon render them, fit for nothing but the sick-bed. Isn't it a sad thing?
ATANK NIGRAH PILL
is the only safe and reliable remedy for all diseases, resulting from youthful indulgence. It tones up the entire nervous System.
It imparts wonderful strength and vigour by increasing and purifying the blood and stopping wet dreams.
It is invaluable in weak digestion and constipation. In short it supplies everything what a man should have.
PRICE—Re. 1 for a box of 32 pills.
Write to day :—
VAIDYA SHASTRI,
MANISHANKER GOVINDJI,
Atank Nigrah Pharmacy,
Kalbadevi, Bombay.

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A Lecture delivered
BY
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THE
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possesses a volume of tone and elasticity of touch not to be found in many grand pianos of much greater length. It entirely supersedes all grades of a similar length made by any maker in the
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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications of a literary character should be addressed to The Editor, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the General Manager. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, General Post Office, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.
Wednesday, 20th Dec. 1911.

BALUCHISTAN.

BALUCHISTAN is gradually getting into line and soon will be as civilised as any other part of the Borderland. Although the agricultural condition of the country in the last official year was below normal, the province was generally peaceful—outlaws from across the border however harassing the Northern Zhob frontier as is their custom. The Quetta-Pishin frontier, with the exception of a few minor raids, the border was on the whole peaceful. An important capture of these raiders was made in June, when parties of the 130th Baluchis, working from Chaman and Shellabagh, out off a gang of six armed outlaws in the Khwaja Amran hills, among whom was Ata Muhammed, a notorious bad character, who led the attack on the village of Segi in 1910. An attack was made in May, by a gang of nine men near the Yaru station, but was successfully repulsed without any casualty. Then in November, a gang of some fourteen men, under Saleh, a notorious Mallezai outlaw, raided Sanzal Karuz, carrying off six hundred sheep. The raiders were, however, pursued by a party of cavalry from Chaman and the sheep recovered. It was reported in this connection that some Khusardars of the Boldak Fort in Afghan territory formed part of the Mallezai raiding party. The peace of the Zhob border was greatly disturbed, especially during the latter half of the year, by visits from Sheramri outlaws and transfrontier malcontents. Pursuit was given in most instances and a considerable amount of property recovered, a number of raiders being killed or captured. On several occasions the Zhob Levy Corps came into collision with the raiders. Once one of these, a patrol of the corps was attacked by a gang of Sultankhel Sulemankhel, and lost two men killed and one wounded. The hostile action of the Sulemankhel was, it is said, due to their having mistaken the men of the Levy Corps for a body of Khasetis, whom they wished to attack. Joint action in the case was taken by the Political Agents at Wano and Zhob and the offending section of Salemankhels was fined a thousand rupees and ordered to pay over three thousand as compensation. Another similar attack occurred in March last, at Kuchbina, on a party of the Levy Corps cavalry who were escorting a line-rider from Moghalkot. The raiders, who were about a hundred strong, were composed of Ghazni Mahsuds, Sulemankhels and Sherannis. They had taken up a strong position behind Sangars and the levies were caught at a disadvantage, as a consequence of which two sowars were killed, three wounded and three carbines carried off, the raiders escaping with their booty. An increase of strength by the corps is strongly urged.

The conduct of the Shiranni tribe in the Zhob district is reported to have been unsatisfactory, and both this district and part of Loralai were much disturbed by outlaws, during the latter part of the year. The unsatisfactory state of the tribe is to some extent due to disruptive tendencies that are at work, among them owing to a dual system of administration and want of identical customs. With a view to counteract these diverging influences, a proposal has been made to appoint temporarily a Political Officer to record a code of customary law and to guide the tribe as a whole both in their external and internal affairs. With regard to the arms traffic among tribesmen, the operations of the combined naval and military force are mentioned, but it is shown that notwithstanding the difficulties experienced by arms-runners last season, large numbers of Afghans and tribesmen again proceeded to the Gulf for the purpose of obtaining arms. They found their difficulties increased however, and a large proportion of them are said to have returned either with unladen camels or with ordinary merchandise instead of fire-arms. Those who did succeed in procuring arms are reported to have purchased them mostly from the local Baloochi with the result that prices have risen and very few arms are now obtainable even at the high prices offered by the arms-runners. Reports from all sides are said to show that the active measures again taken to stop the arms traffic are keenly felt both in Afghanistan, and among the gun-running community generally, the trade being now looked upon as an extremely difficult and hazardous undertaking.

Tribal affairs in Jhalawan were not satisfactory, a tendency to defy the authority of the Sardars prevailing among certain sections and tribesmen hesitate to attend for the settlement of their cases. In Kharnu, Sardar Yakub Khan maintained an unsatisfactory attitude, though several deputations composed of the leading Sarawan and Jhalawan Sardars were sent to them to try and arrange a meeting with the Political Agent of Kalat. Ultimately he was prevailed upon to meet the Political Agent at Gidar, near the Kharun border. In the presence of the Kalat Sardars, he humbly begged that he might be pardoned for his past misconduct which he promised not to repeat. He further promised to go into Quetta, to see the Agent to the Governor-General whenever he might be desired to do so. On his return to his capital, however, Sardar Yakub Khan relapsed into his former attitude and though twice invited to go to Quetta, the last time being on the occasion of his Excellency the Viceroy's visit, when he returned excuses that he was unable to do so. Trouble appeared ahead, but this was avoided for, as the Blue-book laconically states, a few days after the close of the year, the Sardar was murdered by the sepoys of his guard. Sardars are not infrequently unpopular and give trouble to their own tribes as well as to the Political Agent. In Wadh district, for example, the Mingal Sardar was ordered to collect a lashkar and arrest a fanatic who had run amok. His efforts, however, were only half-hearted and the offender is still at large. Generally speaking, however, offences are declining in number and ferocity, and there are great hopes for the future of the Baluchi borderland.

SOUTH AFRICAN DEFENCE.

THE publication, so soon after the announcement of the first results of the Australian scheme of compulsory service of the defence scheme, which is being proposed for South Africa, contains many points of interest. Among people in India, where we have a large native Army to whom all executive words of command are given in English, probably the clause which deals with the language question will attract first attention, and most criticism. South Africa has evidently found it impossible to keep its acute language problem out of a scheme, even of national defence, and the bill, which the Government is shortly to present to the Union Parliament, contains a provision that all ranks shall be instructed in giving and receiving the executive words of command both in English and Dutch, and that military instruction and training shall be given in the language best understood by the person instructed. This means that, while probably in all large towns military training will be conducted in English, in all rural areas the language employed will be Dutch, and it is difficult to see how this can fail to have a deleterious effect on the value of the force, if it is ever necessary for it to fight in large bodies. At the same time South Africa's special difficulties must be considered and it is almost certain that unless some such provision were made, so much resentment would be excited that the scheme would be unworkable. But in South Africa there is so much good material, both English and Dutch, for a magnificent force that it may be hoped that the national army will be able to support the consequences of this defect in organisation, and still be a fully effective addition to the military forces of the Empire. In South Africa, it must be remembered, nearly every English speaking white man has joined the volunteers, and nearly all those who are active at present have seen war service, while we all know what the Dutchman can do without a professional military training. South Africa has decided, however, that it will not be necessary for her to employ all the material which is available. It is believed that if the whole of the population were trained for military service it would create a greater force than the country reasonably requires, and would impose upon it too heavy a financial burden. The "Active Citizen Force" will, therefore, consist of from 20,000 to 25,000 young men between the ages of 17 and 25, who will be trained for four years, the training consisting of as many day and night drills as may be necessary to fit the recruits for the ranks, in addition to eight to fifteen days' annual training. The remainder of the population will be taught to use a rifle, and men between the ages of 21 and 45 will compose the "Citizen Reserve," being divided into two classes, those who have had military training and those who only know the use of a rifle. The "National Reserve" will consist of all men between the ages of 17 and 60, and will be called out only in the gravest emergency. This briefly is the scheme as proposed, and whatever may be said of its details, and however it may be altered, it is at least a matter for congratulation that another of our self-governing Dominions has asserted its belief in compulsory military service,—a fact, which must produce an effect upon public opinion at Home.

SECOND-HAND SPEECHES.

THE custom of making unnecessarily long speeches in public has grown into what may on many occasions be termed a public nuisance, to which the press, it must be admitted, is to some extent a party, or, as the speech is generally heard by only a small part of the audience, the glory of appearing in print is the main object sought by the speakers. This ambition has naturally led in very many cases to the use of speeches composed by some obliging friend with the result that the sentiments and phrases read by the speaker are so palpably not his own, as to cause only amusement among his personal acquaintances who begin immediately to dissect the address and apportion it as suits their fancy. His Excellency the Governor must have had to listen to many of these speeches with the certain knowledge that they did not in a literary sense reflect the man who uttered them. Few people in India seem to understand that a short but characteristic speech is always the most acceptable to a critical audience. In the making of speeches Bombay seems to follow the fashion that provailed a hundred years ago in England—a fault that is partly due to the style of literature used at Indian colleges and partly to tradition, which tells how the heroes of antiquity would speak for days on end. In temperate lands the long speech is already out of fashion, the people having recognized that as soon as the hearers' attention begins to be strained, even the best oratory is wasted. The day we hope is not far distant when public speakers of every kind will be subjected to a time-limit within which they must manage to present their ideas in proper order, and with such grace as they are capable of. Many of our most intelligent public speakers, owing to a love of hearing their own voices, are classed as incorrigible bores by their hearers. Such a title generally sticks. Amid the floods of oratory with which India has of late been inundated, there stand out conspicuous for clearness, sound sense and brevity, the utterances of His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor, who, if his example could only be appreciated and followed, would leave a memory in the land for which even posterity would be grateful.

SCOTTISH DISESTABLISHMENT.

THE Archbishop of York, himself a Scotsman, has been getting into trouble. Speaking at a Church Council meeting at Westminster the other day, in the course of a discussion on Welsh disestablishment, His Grace said :—"Twenty years ago an overwhelming majority of the Scottish people favoured disestablishment; to-day no politician would go to Scotland with disestablishment as an election-cry." This statement brought a distinguished foeman into the field, no less a person, indeed, than Dr. J. A. Paterson, Professor of Hebrew and Old Testament Exegesis, at New College, Edinburgh, who declares that Dr. Lang's dictum on the present Scottish attitude towards disestablishment of the Scottish Church is entirely wrong and inexplicable. He says :—"There is a larger majority of Scottish members of Parliament in favour of disestablishment to-day than there was twenty years ago. The disestablishment and disendowment of the Scottish Church in the immediate future is as certain as the disestablishment and disendowment of the Welsh Church next session." This is certainly one of the most interesting statements that has been made recently, the more so because in recent years, at any rate, the question has not been raised. At the same time the position of the established Church of Scotland is stronger than that of the Anglican Church in Wales and, notwithstanding Professor Paterson's confident assertion, it is likely that an attempt to disestablish her would meet with some opposition. But if the question is ever brought to an issue in Parliament the attitude of the party politicians will be an interesting study. For example, will those who now so vehemently oppose the Welsh measure show equal sympathy with the Scottish establishment across the border? In determining what their attitude will be, Anglican Churchmen in England, who play parts in political life, will remember that the Scottish Episcopal Church is a branch of their own, and that what is established in Scotland is closely allied in teaching and practice to those who oppose the establishment in England and Wales. Naturally, a good deal will depend on circumstances, notably on the opinions of the leaders of the Scottish Church, but if the latter prefer that the present official status should be maintained the logical attitude of English churchmen would seem obvious.

MR. ENTHOVEN, who succeeds Sir B. Robertson as Secretary to the Government of India, Commerce and Industry Department, will probably take over the charge in Calcutta on the 1st January.

THE polling for the election of a member for the Supreme Legislative Council by non-official members at the Punjab Council meeting on Saturday last held at the Coronation Durbar was as follows:— Hon. Mian Mahomed Shafi, eight votes ; Sir Pratul Chandra Chatterji, five votes. The Hon'ble Mr. Shadilal withdrew in favour of Sir Pratul Chandra and one member did not vote.

THE Lahore Hindu Elementary Education League has opened a school for girls at Anarkali, Lahore, where no fees are charged. The League already maintains three schools for boys.

THERE are vacancies in the Bombay City Police Force for Europeans to be employed as Sergeants. Particulars will be found in our advertisement columns.

AT a representative meeting of Telegraph subordinates in Lucknow resolutions were passed drawing attention to the drawbacks and anomalies now existing in the Department. It was resolved that Mr. Barton, General Secretary of the Telegraph Association, be asked to approach the Secretary of State on the subject.

SIR HENRY KIMBER, M. P., Chairman of the South Indian Railway, and Mr. Neville Priestley, Managing Director, are expected to arrive in Ceylon on the 30th instant on their way to India. Mr. G. P. Greene, the General Manager of the Ceylon Government Railway, has received intimation of this visit, and, as the gentlemen named intend to travel to South India over the Mannar extension, there will doubtless be an important Conference on the occasion. There is also to be a Railway Conference for all India in Calcutta in the middle of January.

THE WORLD OF SPORT.

(FROM OUR SPORTING CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, DEC. 1.

OLYMPIC ATHLETIC MATTERS.

The cost of sending the United Kingdom's Olympic team to Stockholm next summer will be about £4,500. The British Olympic Association have just announced that this will exhaust all the money in hand, consequently the question of further participation in the festival will have to be faced. This will have to be dealt with after the 1192 Olympiad, and should it be decided to go on, ways and means of raising funds will have to be devised. It may be taken for granted that we shall continue to support the festival which certainly leads to a better mutual understanding among the competing nations. In other countries it is the custom to obtain a Government grant, and whilst there would not be much chance of this in England at present, a change in the situation may take place shortly. A grant of £5000 towards a movement which is helpful to peace encourages athletics, and consequently a finer national physique, ought to appeal to all patriots. Touching on Olympic matters, the next Marathon race will differ from the past fixtures in regard to the conditions, as competitors will not be allowed to have attendants. This is a step in the proper direction, and the runners will be all the better without refreshments enroute.

CROSS-COUNTRY RUNNING.

The Oxford University cross-country team is evidently very strong this year, the Dark Blues winning decisively against the Highgate Harriers on Saturday. To get seven men home in the first eight against the holders of the Southern championship was indeed a fine effort. C. H. Porter headed the field, and in running the Shotover course in 40 mins. 3 secs., he created a new record. The sixth Oxford man finished within 56 secs. of the winner, and this level form points to the Varsity team, making a big showing in the next Southern Counties Championship.

KEEN JUNIORS.

Before leaving the subject of cross-country running, it will be in order to refer to the North London team race which was decided at Chingford last Saturday. The starters number 201, which testifies to the liking of the juniors for the pastime. The course of about 5 miles in extent was very heavy going yet no fewer than 183 of the younsters managed to pass the seat of judgment. R. Pingree was first home, if this new Barnett crack fails to take high rank before long, many good judges will be much surprised.

A BRAINY ATHLETE.

We do not hear quite so much about men neglecting their studies for athletics as once on a time. This is due to a better understanding of the subject and the many examples of prominent athletes taking high rank in scholastic fray. Another example that brains and athlete ability often go together has just been given by P.J. Baker, the president of the Cambridge University Athletic Club, who has been elected Wherwell International Law Scholar for the year.

WALKER'S SPRINT.

The brief cable message from Durban on Saturday, announcing that R. E. Walker had run 110 yards in 10 2-5 secs,, has given sportsmen something to talk about. He was only 19 years of age when he won the 100, metres (109 yards) at the last Olympic Games his time being slightly faster than 10 4-5 secs. On that form many good judges predicted that he was a likely man to follow in the footsteps of A. F. Duffy of America and run the "100" in 9 3-5 secs. Unfortunately his health failed him in 1909 and 1910, with the result that he never fulfilled earlier promises. This induced him to go to a farm in a healthy part of South Africa, and on his latest performance, the cure has been effectual. The Durban performance if authentic, indicates that Walker is better than ever and we may now see him engage the wonderful Danaldson of Australia, in a series of sprints for the world's championship.

BOXING.

Hard knocks are not confined to competitions alone, as instanced at the Belsize Boxing Club's display last Saturday. Among the prominent boxers who gave exhibitions were Bomb, Billy Wells and Mr. Bruce Logan. The amateur is clever and plucky, but it was plain to all that Wells outclassed him. Logan was unfortunate enough to have two bones in his nose broken which will prevent his boxing any more this season. Some of the worst accidents in football happen in ordinary club games, and the incident referred to show that one sometimes gets hurts when at play. This does not deter real sportsmen, but, of course. it makes the Little Englander shiver.

There appears to be an epedemic of illness among prominent boxers at present. Matt Wells is seriously ill with erysepeles and his conditions gives his friends cause for alarm. At the best he cannot hope to box again for many months, which is real hard luck. It is a strange coincidence that Woolgast, the American light-weight champion, should also be out of action, the German-American having had to undergo an operation for appendicitis a few days ago.

The meeting of S. Stagg of England and Audoury of France, in a ten round boxing match at Paris, on Saturday, gave rise to a stange scene. The visitor had much the best of it, and almost knocked out his rival in the ninth round. The referee gave his decision in favour of Audoury however, which called forth a storm of protest from the spectators The promoters of the bout were also satisfied that Stagg had won and they took the strange course of giving Stagg the winning end of the purse.

Several recent decisions across the Channel have given rise to severe comment, and it appears that the want of competent judges to keep pace with the advance of boxing is severely felt.

BILLIARDS.

The debut in England of Fred Lindrum of Australia, and the splendid form of M. Inman have been the events of the week. Lindrum is conceding Collins 2,000 points in 9,000 up, and after an indifferent start, he found his touch as shown by a fine break of 305. He also averaged 61.50 for each visit to the table on afternoon of the third day, which seems to justify his challenge to play anyone in England on level terms. He wants a match with Gray, and it is quite possible the two young Australians will come together shortly.

Inman is now meeting Reece in a heat of the big London tournament, their respective starts being 1,000 and 1.500 from Stevenson, Inman was seen at his best on the third day of the match when he made breaks of 583 and 478, averaging 55.5. and 60.36 for the afternoon and evening sessions respectively. He drew further away the following day, and unless a big change comes over the scene, Reece will once again have to acknowledge defeat. Inman is certainly an improved player and there is no denying his right to challenge Stevenson on level terms.

THE TURF.

Another flat racing season has run its course and 1911 will be remembered as Lord Derby's year. The accident which ended Swynford's racing career was a hard blow, but in Steadfast and King William, Lord Derby owns two possible cup horses. He is a good first among winning owners with a total of £42,856 opposite his name, the amount having been gathered in by 11 horses, when securing 30 races. Mr. J. B. Joel is second with £34,574, and he also had to face a bad stroke of luck through the breakdown of Sunstar. Mr. G. Lampton heads the winning trainers list, he having sent out 22 winners, which accounted for 47 races worth £49,634. Then comes C. Morton with £35,019, and it is also worthy of mention that R. Wootton has turned out most winnert viz. 48.

The family is again to the fore in the winning jockeys list, Frank Wootton being a splendid first. He has ridden 187 winners out of 746 mounts giving him the fine percentage of 25·06. C. Trigg has done well to gain 111 wins, but D. Maher has fallen back, his 99 wins in 437 attempts representing a percentage of 22·65.

FOOTBALL.

After retaining an unbeaten record in Scotland for three seasons, the Watsonians had their colours lowered on Saturday, when meeting Glasgow Academicals, though the margin was only a try to nil. Curiously enough, it was the Academicals who last beat Watsonians, this being in October of 1908. It is only fair to point out that the losers were a man short for a considerable portion of the game, W. G. Stewart, a three-quarter, being injured.

Cambridge University gave a convincing display when beating (22 points to 0) Old Merchant Taylors on Saturday, but found Newport too strong on Monday, the Welshmen winning by 13 points to 6. The Oxford Rugby fifteen have also won and lost lately, as after going down (16 points to 6) against Blackheath, the Light Blues vanquished Edinburgh University by 20 points to 3.

The success of Gloucester over Swansea (8-3) was more than counterbalanced by Newport and Cardiff defeating Northampton and Leicester respectively, and it is certain that Walse will again be prominent in International fray this season.

SOCCER.

The splendid win of the Corinthians over Cambridge University at Queen's Club, on Saturday, shows that the famous club is still very much a factor. To score seven goals against the one of the Cantabs speaks for highly scientific football and it is a great... the Corinthians are not able to take... Olympic Games tournament. Apr... the Army Football Association is t... the split between the Football A... the Umateur Football Associa... rather doubtful if the efforts w... desired end.

LEAGUE FRA...

Glasgow Rangers still retain... record in Scotland, a seven go... over Hamilton being their lat...

Perhaps the best win last ... three goals to one triumph o... over Aston Villa in an Eng... which shows the champio... great advantage.

The Hull City players h... for Second Division ... against Grimsey, coup... of Chelsea at Black... forward.

Swindon goes from ... Southern League, th... a splendid performa... ing (2-0) West Ha...

IN...

The County Lacr... resulted in Surrey ... Kent and Middles...

Corp. W. R. ... country champion ... Surrey A. C. vs. O... team race on Satur... took the team hon...

What with P. F. ... accident to G. Gr... crickcters are not h... Australia.

BOMBAY I... TR...

A MEETING of the Trust... of the City of Bombay was... the Hon'ble Mr. J. P. Orr, ... of the Board presiding.

Consideration was given ... Engineer, intimating that no ... auction sale on Chanpati Estate ... realise the reserved prices.

The Hon'ble Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoo... considered it desirable that the Board s... a Committee to suggest a system for t... reserved prices. If the lessee could ... more than five per cent. on the cost of the... that he constructed on the Trust's plots there ... be no inducement for the public to come forward ... build on other plots. He, therefore, moved that a committee be appointed to reconsider the basis on which the reserved prices were fixed.

The Chairman explained that as it was they took the value of the properties in the neighbourhood and also the advantages which one property held on another as the basis for fixing the prices of their plots.

Sir Ibrahim having intimated his intention to bring this matter before the Board on some future occasion, the matter was dropped, and the letter of the Engineer was merely recorded.

The Board further resolved to record the Government resolution regarding submission to the Government of India of certain information as to the Financial position of local bodies which applied for the grant of a loan by Government or sanction to its flotation in the open market.

ANGLO-INDIAN ORPHANAGE, POONA.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR—May I ask you to kindly place before your numerous readers, the claims of the Anglo-Indian Home, South Petty Staff Lines, Poona, under the superintendence of Mrs. E. S. Hutchings. This institution provides a home for 65 girls and 18 boys of European descent, most of whom are orphans, and others who have lost one of their parents. This work has been carried on unostentatiously by Mrs. Hutchings, for almost 20 years.

As Christmas approaches, I feel sure many of your readers will be glad to remember these children and help to make their Christmas happier by gifts of money, while serviceable articles of second-hand clothing for growing girls and boys are always acceptable. Your readers, in Poona, with a surplus store of cakes and fruits could not dispose of this to better advantage than by remembering the children at the Anglo-India Home. Mrs. E. S. Hutchings, South Petty Staff Lines, Poona, will be glad to acknowledge such gifts; and I will consider it a privilege to forward to Poona any gifts sent to me at 26 Clare Road, Byculla, Bombay.—Yours, etc.,

CHARLES B. HILL.

MR. F. NOEL PATON, Director-General of Commercial Intelligence, arrived in Rangoon yesterday from Calcutta. His tour of inspection will extend throughout the principal places of Burma and he will return to Rangoon in February, proceeding thence to Akyab and reaching headquarters, at Calcutta, by February 14th.

THE CHINESE REVOLT.

NO FOREIGN MEDIATION AT PRESENT.

General Murdered by his Troops.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, DEC. 18.

Reuter learns that the statement appearing in the newspaper *Vorodzu* is without foundation.

The position is as follows: The foreign representatives in Peking were authorised by their respective Governments to take part in any negotiations for the purpose of mediation if a favourable opportunity for the conflicting parties to avail themselves of their services presented itself.

PEKING, DEC. 19.

Tuan-Fang, ex-Director-General of the Hu-Kuang railway, has been murdered by his troops at The-Chow.

SHANGHAI, DEC. 19.

The conference between Tang-Shao-Yi, representing the Imperialist troops, and Wu-Ting-Fang, representing the Republicans, has opened here, with a view to the conclusion of peace.

THE WRECKED "DELHI."

Duke and Duchess of Fife Embark for Egypt.

TANGIER, DEC. 19.

The Duke and Duchess of Fife and family embarked for Gibraltar, and leave this afternoon, on board the "Macedonia" for Egypt. Bad weather has suspended the salvaging of the "Delhi."

CEYLON PEARL FISHERIES.

s Show an Adverse Balance.

LONDON, DEC. 18.

presiding at a meeting rl Fisheries, regretted accounts showed an 18,517. The company Government altogether e speaker added that ue to predatory fish oysters during the

ay that the capi- continued, but he necessity for

OMPANY.

Tour of

DEC. 18.

London to- Marseilles. g-kong and h regard to Hong-kong eo. whole country rneo Company s with a view the end of April.

ELOPMENT

e Programme.

MELBOURNE, DEC. 19.

wealth is establishing an Army chool.

e House of Representatives, to-day, Mr. Thomas announced that the Government's policy of developing the Northern Territory includes the extension of railways, the encouragement of horse-breeding, the establishment of freezing works and the inauguration of a vigorous policy of immigration from Europe.

U. S. RAILWAY COLLISION.

Nine Persons Killed: Many Injured.

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA, DEC. 18.

The second section of the trans-continental express to-day collided with the first section. As a result, nine persons were killed and many others seriously injured.

CHARING CROSS BANK.

Manager Sentenced to Two Years.

LONDON, DEC. 18.

Mr. Carpenter, the manager of the Charing Cross Bank, which suspended payment in April last, has been sentenced to two years' imprisonment in the second division.

TURCO-ITALIAN WAR.

An Egyptian Move.

LONDON, DEC. 19.

The Egyptian Government has sent a company of soldiers to occupy the Sollum District of Barca (Tripoli), which Turkey has temporarily ceded to Egypt, till the end of the war.

RUSSIA AND THE UNITED STATES.

President Taft and the 1832 Treaty.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

WASHINGTON, DEC. 18.

It is understood that President Taft is using his executive powers in connection with the Russo-American Treaty, and has notified Russia that the Commercial Treaty of 1832 is abrogated, having been found obsolete in many ways. It is pointed out that the President has thus excluded the House of Representatives from participation in the matter, his action only requiring ratification by the Senate.

LONDON, DEC. 19.

President Taft has sent a message to the Senate informing that body of his notification to Russia. He says the American Ambassador in St. Petersburg has been instructed to lay great emphasis on the value attached by the Government of the United States to the strengthening of the cordiality and historic relations of the two countries. Senator Lodge has presented a resolution approving Mr. Taft's action. Consideration of the resolution has been adjourned.

THE "HAWKE"-"OLYMPIC" COLLISION.

Admiralty Court Judgment.

LONDON, DEC. 19.

In the Admiralty Court, to-day, Mr. Justice Evans gave judgment in the cross actions arising out of the collision between the cruiser "Hawke" and the liner "Olympic."

Mr. Justice Evans attributed the collision to the "Olympic" coming too close to the "Hawke," and it was solely due to faulty navigation on the part of the "Olympic's" pilot. The "Olympic" took too wide a sweep round the west bramble buoy, and considered her speed greater than the witnesses stated. Also, after the tests which were carried out, Mr. Justice Evans accepted the theory that suction pulled the "Hawke" into the "Olympic." Consequently he gave judgment, with costs, for the Commander of the "Hawke," and judgment for the "Olympic" on the defence of compulsory pilotage, without costs.

THE GAEKWAR OF BARODA.

Serious Criticism of his Conduct.

LONDON, DEC. 19.

The incident connected with the Gaekwar of Baroda at the Durbar, is exciting much comment here, the papers recalling his conduct at the Coronation, his speeches in London, and his association with Krishnavarma and other seditionists.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, DEC. 19.

The "Pioneer's" London correspondent wires:—The "Times" in a reference to the Gaekwar's apology states that his behaviour at the Coronation at Westminster provoked a great deal of unfavourable comment among those familiar with Indian customs and etiquette. His conduct has for some time past been open to serious stricture Many of the Indian extremists came from Baroda or had found employment in the State and even in the Gaekwar's household. The Indian extremist Press studiously excepted the Gaekwar from these attacks on the Princes on account of their loyalty. He was generous to anti-British campaigners and with the Maharani met Krishnavarma in 1910. Recently seditious literature had been traced to a Baroda Press patronised by the State officials and only lukewarm assistance was rendered to the police during the investigation. The paper concludes with an expression of the hope that the humiliation which the Gaekwar has now brought upon himself will serve as an effective warning, and that he will give such practical effect to his assurances of loyalty as will preclude any doubt as to their sincerity.

FIRST TEST MATCH.

Australia's Second Innings.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, DEC. 19.

The weather was hot, and there was a high wind, accompanied by dust, for the resumption of the first test match between England and Australia. Australia completed her second innings for 308 runs. Kelleway made 70, and Hill 65. Douglas took four wickets for 50, and Foster five for 92.

England on going in again made 65 runs for one wicket.

SYDNEY, DEC. 19.

Warner is now steadily progressing, and there is a faint hope that he will be able to play in the fifth test match.

INTERNATIONAL BOXING.

A Victory for Wells.

LONDON, DEC. 19.

In the boxing match, at the National Sporting Club last night, Bombardier Wells knocked out the South African champion, Storbeck, in the eleventh round.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, DEC. 18.

The death is announced of Signor Alberto Randegger.

[Signor Alberto Randegger who was well known as a Conductor at the Royal Opera Covent Garden was a musician of genius and admired amongst his colleagues. Born at Trieste in 1832 Signor Randegger showed a decided talent for music and studied under Lafont the piano nd Ricci composition. He acted as Director of Music at the Italian centres: Fiume, Zara, Sinigaglia Brescia and Venice. In 1854 he came to London and was appointed as Professor of Singing at the Royal Academy of Music. He became conductor at Her Majesty's Theatre in 1880 and since 1881 he has been conductor of the Norwich Festival, and the Royal Opera. He was also well known in connection with Queen's Hall Sunday Orchestral Concerts and the Queen's Hall Choral Society where he led the orchestra on many occasions].

SITUATION IN PERSIA.

Another Dead-lock.

GERMANY'S "PURELY ECONOMIC INTERESTS."

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

TEHERAN, DEC. 19.

The Mejliss has rejected the solution proposed by the Cabinet, in connection with the Russian crisis. It is reported that the Russian troops will advance on the 21st inst.

LONDON, DEC. 19.

In an article on Persia, to-day, the *Times* says there is not a man in England who would seriously advocate that Persian independence in itself is worth the bones of a single British Grenadier. The paper says that the sands are running out, and a grave responsibility rests with those in England who encourage Persia to take risks for which not they, but the Persians will have to pay.

In an inspired article to-day, the *Koelnische Zeitung* repudiates the assertion that Germany is desirous of using the trouble in Persia to break up the Anglo-Russian Convention. German interests in Persia, the paper says, are purely economical, and she has everything to gain by the maintenance of the Convention.

BIRTH OF A GERMAN PRINCE.

BERLIN, DEC. 19.

The Crown-Princess has given birth to a son.

SERIOUS RAILWAY ACCIDENT.

Nine Wagons Telescope.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, DEC. 19.

Information has been received that about 2 o'clock yesterday morning a goods-train of the J. B. Railway proceeding from Hyderabad, Sind, was derailed at Delta, a station about 5 miles from Hyderabad. Sleepers have been placed on the line with the apparent intention of causing the accident. The engine left the track and ran down the bund and nine wagons telescoped. Fortunately no person was injured, but the damage to the stock is considerable and the detention to traffic will also be great as it will take a long time to remove the obstruction. The J. B. Railway have, it is alleged, no relief train and no superior officer to superintend, every thing being undertaken by the N. W. Railway staff.

Evidently there was first an attempt to wreck the N. W. Punjab up-mail, for broken sleepers were found on the line close by, the heavy engine having crushed them instead of being derailed by them. Police enquiries are proceeding.

EXALTED DELHI GUESTS VISIT BANGALORE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, DEC. 19.

The Duke and Duchess of Hamilton are expected to arrive in Bangalore at the end of this week as guests of Col. R. M. Poore, 7th Hussars, and Lady Flora Poore, who are coming with them from Delhi.

It is also locally reported that the Duke and Duchess of Teck will visit this station during their Indian tour.

BANK OF BURMA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

RANGOON, DEC. 19.

Mr. Ferguson of Messrs Ferguson, and Co., Bombay, one of the liquidators in the Bank of Burma's affair, arrived in Rangoon this morning. Mr. Holdsworth and he will begin operations immediately. Then they will issue to shareholders a preliminary report containing complete information of the Bank's affairs Thereafter, Mr. Ferguson will return to Bombay and the other liquidator will continue the liquidation.

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY PRESS.

Gutted by Fire. All MSS. Destroyed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, DEC. 18.

A serious fire occurred early this morning in the Calcutta University Press which was completely gutted. All the manuscripts, some of them most valuable, were destroyed. The damage is estimated at one and a half lakhs.

DEATH OF GREAT POLO PLAYER.

Capt. Cheape Succumbs to Small-Pox.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, DEC. 19.

The death has taken place of Captain Leslie Cheape of the King's Dragoon Guards, the famous polo player, from small-pox at Delhi on Monday last. He was taken ill after the King's Dragoon Guards played their match with the 10th Hussars during the Polo Tournament, and but for his absence in the final, the result of the Tournament would have probably been different.

[Captain Leslie Cheape, it will be remembered, was taken ill just before the final round nine days ago of the Durbar Polo Tournament, and it was no doubt his absence as the most brilliant member of his team, which to much extent, accounted for the surprising defeat of his side, the 1st, (King's) Dragoon Guards, by the Inniskilling Dragoons. It is unnecessary to recall Captain Cheape's performances on the polo field, as his brilliant play for the British team in America is so fresh and in everyone's memory.]

HON. MR. CHATTERTON.

Likely to Join Mysore Service.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, DEC. 19.

There is a local rumour that Mr. Chatterton, Director of Commerce and Industry, Madras, joins the Mysore State service as Inspector General of Education and Director of Industries in view of the activities of the recently constituted State Economic Conference.

THE ROYAL BOONS.

Resolutions of Gratitude in Madras.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, DEC. 19.

A public meeting of the citizens of Madras was held last evening, to tender expressions of thanks to the King-Emperor for the boons conferred on the occasion of the Coronation Durbar. Sir Subramania Iyer presided, and the following resolutions were passed:—

(1). The citizens of Madras, a meeting assembled, beg to give expression to their deep sense of gratitude to the King-Emperor for the gracious message of sympathy and goodwill contained in the Proclamation, and in His Majesty's memorable speech on the occasion of the Coronation Durbar at Delhi.

(2). This meeting begs to convey to His Majesty the sense of intense satisfaction and joy which the announcement of the transfer of the capital of India to Delhi, and the modification of the Partition of Bengal have evoked throughout the country, and to assure His Majesty that this gracious act has conciliated public opinion and will promote contentment and progress in the country. This meeting records the deep and sincere satisfaction with which the Royal boons announced by Lord Hardinge, have been received throughout the country.

DELHI DURBAR BOONS.

Moslem Grievances.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, DEC. 19.

Reverting to the Delhi announcements the *Indian Daily Telegraph* says:—"The leaders of the Moslem community do not regard the creation of the Imperial Capital at Delhi as a compensation for the losses the community sustains in Eastern Bengal. The existing special representation on the Councils is by no means sufficient to prevent a backward community which is mainly composed of tenants to powerful Hindu landlords from being swamped. What is required amongst other safeguards are separate electorates on Municipal and District Boards and on the Syndicates and Senates according to the proportion of population. Government scholarships and an equitable distribution of State appointments."

COURT CIRCULAR.

(BY WIRE.)

AGRA, DEC. 18.

The Queen-Empress visited the Taj this morning, proceeding thence by motor with her suite in attendance to Futtehpur Sikri. Mr. Sanderson had the honour of conducting Her Imperial Majesty round the Palace of Akbar. Luncheon was served in the Dak Bungalow, and Her Imperial Majesty returned to Agra in the evening.

INDIAN RAILWAYS.

Programme for Ensuing Year.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, DEC. 19.

The Secretary of State has now sanctioned the railway programme for India for the ensuing financial year. The total is fixed at thirteen and-a-half crores, a very small provision which will be almost entirely swallowed up by the requirements of the open lines and such works as are already under construction, such as the Lower Ganges Bridge, the Cawnpore Banda Railway and the Southern Shan States Railway. It is understood, however, that a beginning will also be made with a small extension of the Bokhara-Ramgarh Railway and also with the construction of the long talked of over-head line to connect the Victoria Terminus with the Harbour in Bombay.

INDIAN NATIONAL CONGRESS.

Arrangements for the Session Ready.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

CALCUTTA, DEC. 19.

Arrangements for the National Congress are well forward. The pandal in which the sittings will be held has been erected in the Green Park. It will accommodate 7,500 people and ample arrangements have been made for the seating of ladies and for refreshments. There are to be no student volunteers.

PRESIDENT OF HARVARD UNIVERSITY.

To Visit the East.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, DEC. 19.

President Charles W. Elliot of the Harvard University, Cambridge, U. S. A., is expected to leave next month. He comes on behalf of the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace to obtain accurate information concerning social, commercial and industrial conditions of the people of the Orient.

A telegram from Calcutta which we published yesterday morning announced the arrival at that port of the s.s. Dunottar Castle and referred to her as bringing a party of American tourists. This was an error as the Dunottar Castle sailed from home bringing a party of English people and amongst a number of them which she landed in Bombay in order that they might attend the Darbar was Lord Harris an ex-Governor of Bombay.

MR. GALBRAITH COLE, who was expelled from East Africa, left in mail week for Australia, where he will settle. He saw few friends in London, and although strenuous efforts were made to raise his case in the House, public opinion, which knows the facts, was somewhat hostile, so nothing was done. A London correspondent writes to us in this connection:—"I find there is considerable agreement with Sir J. D. Rees, the late M. P., who pointed out to me in a chat which I had with him on the subject, that the system of expelling from a British Colony a British subject, against whom the Law has no complaint, is capable of very grave abuse and raises an important Imperal question. If the Law is not adequate to ensure justice to all, then the Law should be altered, but it should not be possible for a Government to overrule a decision in the Courts."

SIAMESE CORONATION.

New Chapter in Country's History.

The Coronation of King Maha Vajiravudh, says a writer in the "Manchester Guardian" in mail week, will provide the opening incident in a chapter of Siamese history which must prove of exceptional interest not only to those who know and appreciate the Kingdom of the White Elephant and its people, but to every observer of Far Eastern affairs and of the far-reaching changes which the adoption of Western methods has produced, and is still producing, in Oriental countries. For on the young monarch and his generation devolves the weighty responsibility of reaping, garnering, and using to the best advantage the harvest of enlightenment and progress sown by his father, King Chulalongkorn, and tended by him and his advisers.

Ever-increasing intercourse with Europe and America, has of late years forced on the ultra-conservative peoples of the East, the knowledge that the only way to resist the encroachments of western nations in search of markets is to adopt their own methods and to be prepared to fight them with their own weapons. The rulers of Japan were the first to grasp this fact and the remarkable success which has attended their efforts has heartened and encouraged other Oriental reformers to emulate their example. China is at the present moment in the throes of a revolution which, born in the universities of Europe and America promises to sweep away the effect and reactionary dynasty which has hitherto strangled all attempts at reform. Siam began putting her house in order some 25 years ago, when the annexation of Burma had brought England to her western borders and when France indo-China had begun to lean somewhat heavily against her eastern frontier. But whereas in Japan, it was the sagacious statesmen behind the Throne who took action and in China it is the people who are the reformers in Siam, it was the King himself who undertook the task. For the King of Siam is an absolute monarch in whose country there is not anything done that is done except on his initiative or with his consent.

HOME REFORMS.

King Chulalongkorn began by instituting reforms at home. He abolished slavery, established an Executive Council of Ministers and a Legislative Council of State, reformed the army, and engaged a number of foreign advisers and employees to assist him in improving the administrative and executive work of the various State Departments. And to ensure continuity of his policy of progress he began sending his own sons and nephews and other selected students to be trained in Europe. Germany, Russia, France, and Denmark have all helped to educate young Siam, but it is England that the largest number of students have been sent. When King Chulalongkorn paid this country a visit in 1897, eleven of his sons were being trained in Europe, and of this number no fewer than eight were receiving their education in England. Our educational establishments are well known to the Siamese, their own colleges are modelled on the lines of ours, and their teaching staff comprises a number of Englishmen. The despatch of Siamese students to Europe at Government expense still continues, and there are at the present moment in England alone between 40 and 50 of them studying for various professions. At our universities, public schools, Inns of Courts, medical schools and technical colleges the Siamese are known as earnest workers and as good fellows who adapt themselves readily to their surroundings and who can often do more than hold their own at games and athletics.

Until a few years ago most of the high offices of State were held by King Chulalongkorn's brothers and half-brothers, two of the most notable of whom, the able Ministers for Foreign Affairs and for the Interior, are still in harness. But now as these important posts fall vacant they are being filled by appointments from the younger generation—the generation which has studied in Europe. And so we find that the present commander-in-chief of the army was trained in Denmark, his chief of the staff in England, the commander-in-chief of the navy prosecuted his military studies in Germany under the orders of the Emperor, and the Minister of Justice learned his law in England. The first three of these are sons of the late King, the last is his nephew. But what gives Siam a special interest in the eyes of Englishmen at the present time is the fact that King Maha Vajiravudh, who succeeded to the throne last year on the death of his father spent many years in this country as a boy and as a young man. He first came to England with several of his brothers in 1893 at the age of 12, and after receiving a private education he underwent a strenuous military training at Sandhurst, Aldershot and Hythe. He then went to Oxford, and spent two years at Chirst Church, and when he eventually returned to his own country, his sojourn with us had lasted between nine and ten years. It was not until he had been a couple of years in England, that he was proclaimed Crown Prince on the death of his elder brother in Siam, but during the latter half of his stay in England, he became quite a familiar figure to Londoners as he represented his father at the Diamond Jubilee at Queen Victoria's funeral and at King Edward's coronation. His brother Prince Chakrabongs the heir apparent, whom lately we had an opportunity of welcoming as Siam's representative at King George's coronation, also began his education in England but was later transferred to Russia where he received a military training directly under the eye of the Tsar.

EUROPEAN POWERS REPRESENTED.

And so, surely for the first time in the history of the world, missions from the European Powers are attending the coronation of a potentate of the Far East. There doubtless are a good many people ready to attribute some mysterious political significance to the announcement that the King of England, the Tsar of Russia, and the German Emperor had despatched distinguished personages to represent them this week at Bangkok, but there is no mystery about it. The invitations were dictated by gratitude for past and present hospitality and the acceptances by personal friendship and regard for the King and for the members of the Royal Family of Siam. And to the members of these missions a visit of exceptional interest is assured. Bangkok with its palaces and temples of unique architecture, its luxuriant and brilliant vegetation, its countless Buddhas, its yellow-robed priests and brightly clad populace its green parks and open spaces, and its mighty river, down which float the rafts of teak and harvests of rice which are the wealth of the country and Ayanthia, the ancient capital, with its vast historic ruins combine to form a fitting setting for a display of that Oriental pomp and circumstance in which the light-hearted Siamese delight, and in the organisation of which the King is himself a past-master. The ceremonies will be purely Siamese in character unspoiled by the introduction of any Western innovations. For one notable characteristic of young Siam is that, however, deeply its students, princes or commoners may have imbibed the teachings of the West, they remain true Siamese, in spite of all temptations to belong to other nations."

As stated at the commencement of this article, King Maha Vajiravudh has a strenuous and responsible time in front of him. The integrity of his country has been guaranteed by his two powerful neighbours England and France, between whose frontiers Siam forms a buffer State, and he should be able therefore to look forward to a peaceful reign undisturbed except by the depredations of an occasional band of dacoits or by the restlessness of the turbulent hill tribes who inhabit the north. It is true that during the last few years Siam has been coerced into handing over to France a stretch of outlying Eastern territory and to England certain Malay States; but the loss to her of these provinces, though galling to her feelings, is more sentimental than real, as she exercised only an uncertain suzerainty over them, and has obtained in exchange a real benefit in the abrogation by the two Powers of the extra-territorial privileges hitherto enjoyed by their subjects resident in Siam. The latter, for whom consular courts were maintained, are now to come under the jurisdiction of the ordinary Siamese courts, untrammelled except by the presence of European legal advisers, and it is due to the late King's efforts that the courts have attained to a standard of efficiency high enough to admit of this being conceded. These courts have to be still further improved until the foreign legal advisers can be dispensed with, railways have to be extended, and the sanitation of Bangkok must be taken in hand in earnest and water brought in from the northern hills if the cholera, which now annually makes its appearance, is to be stamped out.

NEW KING'S ADVISERS.

These are a few of the tasks which lie before the young King, and to enable him to carry them out the revenues of the country will require careful husbanding. He has excellent advisers, both Siamese and foreign, while he himself has made the most of the limited opportunities for the study of kingcraft which fall to the lot of an heir-apparent. Since his return to Siam, he has devoted himself to studying his country and its needs, and he held the presidency of the Council of Regency which was appointed by his father in 1907, to carry on the Government of the country during his own absence on an extended European tour. If report speaks true, King Maha Vajiravudh has already instituted one or two useful domestic reforms, and he may rest assured that Englishmen will watch with interest and sympathy every effort made by him for the betterment of his country, the welfare of which he is known to have deeply at heart.

A SASENACH AT A SCOTTISH CONCERT.

A HEATHEN SOUTHRON in the "Oldham Chronicle" writes the following account of a Scottish concert given the other day in that town. He says:—It has been a common saying that the English take their pleasures sadly, and one wonders what the perpetrator of that dictum would have said of our neighbours the Scots had he undergone a course of Scottish concerts. We can scarcely imagine anything more enjoyably lugubrious than the concert given on Tuesday evening at the Colosseum Theatre under the auspices of the Oldham Caledonian Association. That it was enjoyable was abundantly evidenced by the enthusiasm with which every item was acclaimed; frequently the final and most touching bars of the songs were lost in the precipitancy of the applause; whilst the programme was almost doubled by the generosity of the artistes in the matter of encores. The responsibility for describing the proceedings as lugubrious is with us. With the exception of some contributions of a humorous purpose by a deliberate humorist, and some pretty if solemn dancing to the weird skirl of the pipes, the programme seemed to have been intentionally compiled of gloomy dirges, lovers' parting tears, signs of exiles, country's ruin; and other forms of the most exquisite misery. And there was no mistaking the enjoyment. Everybody (except most of the few Sassenachs who had been enticed in) knew the airs and hummed them in not completely subdued emulation as the beloved wails came "o'er the border," of the footlights and they sat with tears ready and eyes and ears stretching away back, far fast that bright grove pictured on the curtain, past the sound of that tender song, back into the middle of memory. Nothing else can explain the phenomenon of a thousand or more people spending over two hours with such music and asking for more. It is not music but the associations mostly personal, sometimes in the blood; so one cannot as a critic treat such a concert strictly not having the required associations, without which one could hardly refrain from saying things about Scots music, as exemplified in this concert, which would mortally offend. Of the vocalists quite the most successful was Mr. Douglas Hamilton, who sang five ballads in excellent voice and style. He has one of these sweet voices of the true melodious tenor quality which so admirably suit this type of song, such as "Bonnie Mary of Argyle" and "The Scottish Emigrant's Farewell," which were his most pleasing items. Mr. Hamilton was artistic in his rendering, tastefully avoiding those embellishments and displays which spoil songs of the simple, folk type, such as these. Miss Nellie Wauchope, contralto, sang very touchingly several songs in which pathos was the prevailing tone. Her singing was excellent and her voice, though not of enormous volume, was of pleasant fulness and quality. She was most successful in "On the Banks of Allan Water," which she sang in response to the prolonged call after she had sung "Hame," and the mournful story of the tragedy of the miller's daughter had a very moving effect. Miss Jessie Maclachlan is a great favourite at these concerts, and she had a very hearty welcome when she appeared. Of the seven or eight items which she sang perhaps one might venture to choose as the one to remember her by her first—"Tura Ye to Me" (C. North). In some of her other songs something of her success was achieved by means which are not vocal and which, however acceptable in opera are not generally regarded as admissible in ballad singing. One of the prettiest and most popular parts of the evening's programme was the dancing of the Oldham Juvenile Dancers, a clever quartette who danced a fling, a reel, and a sword dance with perfect precision and grace to the accompaniment of Pipe Major Donald Fraser, who also played some selections on the pipes. A Scotts friend assured the writer that Mr. Fraser played extremely well, and it is admitted that he is such a master of the instrument that he can tell one tune from another—a feat which no Englishman has ever been known to accomplish. The proceedings were also interspersed with some humorous songs and sketches by Mr. Nat Stuart, whose comic caricatures of Scottish characters were heartily applauded.

INSTINCT OF FISHES.

Story of a Resurrection.

A remarkable occurrence in nature is described a recent issue of "Nature" by Mr. J. Y. Buchanan, who describes how during the drought of last summer great numbers of fish disappeared from large ditches of water and reappeared when the rain came.

What Mr. Buchanan describes took place on the Prince of Monaco's estate, in the department of the Aisne, where, he writes, "the water of the ditch is always full of fish, principally carp, tench, perch and pike. Now there was nothing but dry mud. With the water the fish had entirely disappeared, and without leaving a single dead one to mark where they had before abounded."

This strange fact excited the interest of the writer and he kept close observation until the weather broke and the ditches gradually refilled. First, as the pools of water collected, the smaller fish reappeared, and he noticed that the water was turbid and that the mud was everywhere being stirred by the fish. It was evident, he said, that they had been covered by dry mud, and must have released themselves at the moment they found there was enough water to swim in.

After waiting and watching for some time, I saw a mud cloud rise in the very shallow water, bringing a fish with it to the surface belly upwards. It lost no time in righting itself and swimming away with the others. A living fish can adopt this attitude only when it has not got full control over its movements, and this is pretty sure to be the case at the moment when it releases itself from burial. By waiting a little longer I witnessed two or three repetitions of this remarkable act. Then came the tragedy of a resurrection, which Mr. Buchanan describes as follows:—The wetting of the mud below by this infiltration must have aroused the sleepers who then all started to rise at the same time. But when they released themselves from the mud there was not enough water to float them all, and a formidable struggle for existence was going on at the time of my visit and the quantity of dead and dying fish lying all round the edges of the pool furnished sufficient evidance of its fierceness. The poor fish would no doubt have willingly re-buried themselves and so saved their lives when they perceived their mistake but the stronger ones, which were in possession of the only part of the pool which could be called liquid kept shouldering them outwards on to the mud, where they died in the air.

The last time that the ditch became quite dry was in the year 1814 almost a hundred years ago; therefore the experience of the summer of 1911 must have been a new one for all the fish in the ditch, yet the general manœuvre of protective burial was carried out without a casualty. In order to accomplish this a fine instinct was necessary to perceive the impending drying up of the canal and then commence the operation betimes so as to finish it before desiccation was complete.

THREE persons who were the victims of a gas explosion on Monday in the Forman Christian College laboratory, Lahore, have died. The condition of the rest is serious.

SPECIAL trains from Delhi are arriving at Howrah daily. Amongst those which reached Calcutta yesterday were the Lieutenant-Governor of Burma's special, the Government of India motors and stables and the public special.

EMERGENCY RATIONS.

A Leaflet published by the Department of Agriculture, Bombay, tells us of rations for cattle when fodder is scarce:—

Drought affects cattle more severely than men. In the Deccan some fodder is always stored to tide over famine, but in Gujarat the conditions are different. Almost every year Gujarat is favoured by sufficient monsoon rain, and the cultivators of that tract are therefore not usually prepared for famine conditions. Such is the case this year in North Gujarat. As soon as rainfall proves to be short, the pinch for fodder is immediately felt.

Enquiries have frequently reached us lately as to whether cattle can be fed on Lucerne, alone, or on food stuffs like wheat, gram or cotton seed, dry fodder being entirely replaced. Some short notes on this subject may therefore be useful.

Dry fodder, such as hay, cannot be entirely replaced by grain or gram. The latter do not give the bulk required in a healthy food for cattle. If sufficient bulky food, like hay, is not given, the animals' digestion will quickly suffer.

Green fodder, in double the quantity of the dry fodder which is replaced, may be used instead of the latter if the following precautions are taken:—

(1) The green fodder should be wilted before feeding. If the fodder is fed directly it is cut, there is danger of tympanitis.

(2) The green fodder of jowar—Sandhia or any other jawar—should not be fed before flowering, as it is likely to poison animals.

(3) The green fodder of maize can be fed at any stage of the growing crop.

(4) Lucerne should never be fed at the rate of more than ten pounds per day to one bullock or cow, or possibly fifteen pounds in the case of a very large animal.

If concentrated food is available, it may be so used as to reduce the hay or other bulky fodder to half the amount otherwise necessary.

The following are some of the food stuffs which may be used for cattle: "Guvar, Math, Kulthi, Tur chuni, gram chuni, Phol, Udid," edible Oilcakes, Cottonseed, Wheat bran, Rice bran, "Bajri, Jowar seed."

EMERGENCY FODDERS.

The kharif season has almost passed away with insufficient rain for the standing crops. The fate of Rabi seems to be the same as nearly half of the Hasta Nakshatra has gone dry. The cultivators in the Deccan and Karnatak depend mostly upon this rain for their crops of shalu jowar, gram, wheat, etc. Day by day the condition of cattle is getting worse and worse. Not only the fodder is getting dearer but it cannot be had in sufficient quantity. Something must be done to remedy this evil. Fodder growing should be commenced on wells, canals or anywhere where water can be had.

Excepting maize most of the other green fodders cannot be fed before flowering; hence fodder crops coming into bloom earlier must be grown first to relieve the immediate want of fodder followed by others taking comparatively more time for flowering. Some fodder crops are better suited to the Rabi season while others do better in the hot weather.

The best crop to grow from October to the middle of November to tide over the immediate want is maize—which, as said above, can be fed at any stage of its growth.

THE MAHARAJA'S CRICKET MATCH.

AFTER long years of training and an infinite amount of care bestowed upon their education, the ruling princes of India may justly be called civilised. But some still have very curious ideas as to sport. In the world's work for December (which is largely devoted to Indian subjects) there is a delightful article on "The Playground of India," meaning Kashmir. The ruler of this state is held up as an amiable gentleman of about sixty, who is very keen on playing cricket—so keen, in fact, that in order to increase the strength of his team he gave the office of Head of the Police in Kashmir to a Parsee who had formerly played as a professional for Lancashire.

The cricket match described was ordinary enough until the Maharaja's innings came. This had to be arranged (with some little difficulty) for 4-30 p. m. in the cool of the evening. His Highness's idea of batting (he does not run, or bowl, or field out) are elementary, to say the least. It has been customary to allow him to make double figures before getting him out. On this occasion, however, he had expressed an ambition to make fifty.

The procedure consists of bowling him slow long hops, which he pulls, somewhat feebly, round to leg, the ball being fumbled by the fielder while the other bateman and his Highness's runner run as many as possible. If the fielder gets a chance he kicks the ball on to the boundary, and if the out-side consider runs are not coming fast enough they hasten up matters by loud cries of "Hard in," and consequent overthrows to the other boundary.

Should by any chance his Highness miss a straight ball, the contretemps is at once adjusted by the umpire calling "No ball." We had been waiting anxiously for the score of fifty to be reached and were relieved when its completion was announced amid much applause from the pavilion. But we had reckoned without our host, who smilingly turned to our captain said that he had dreamed the night before of making as many runs as his age. So we ended by playing on till dark and letting him carry out his bat. It is difficult for the Western mind to appreciate this type of mentality, but apart from such little vanities Sir Pratab Singh seems to be a wise, conscientious, and sympathetic ruler, and a charming and hospitable head of the State.

OLD BOMBAY EXHIBITION.

Stadium Sports and Display.

Yesterday afternoon in the Stadium of the Exhibition of Old Bombay several final events in the sports were contested. The final of the half mile was slowly run, but was won in a brilliant sprint by Pte Howard of the Dorsets, whose time was 2-18 3-5 secs. Tpr. Marsh, "Y" Battery, R.H.A., was second and Bandsman Owen of the R. Warwicks third. In the individual Horse Jumping, Corpl. Mills of the 7th D. G., was first, Pte Poole of the same corps being second. The individual tent pegging went to D. S. M. Bryce of the 7th D. G. Sergt Client running up. The High Jump was an interesting event. In the absence of Major O'Brien Mr. H. A. Dgbois of the Bishop's High School, Poona, won with a highly creditable jump of five feet seven inches, and in spite of lameness followed this up with an exhibition jump of 6 feet 1 inch which comes near to an amateur record.

In the evening, as usual, a military display was given in the Stadium. "Y" Battery, Royal Horse Artillery, gave their inimitable and exciting drive once more and aroused the enthusiasm of the spectators. This was followed by an intricate and effective torchlight tattoo by the men of the 104th Wellesley's Rifles accompanied by their band. The 127th Q.M.O. 127th Baluchis finished an excellent programme with their realistic representation of a Border foray in which the men took as keen an interest as the onlookers.

To-day at 3-30 p. m. an event of special interest will take place in the Stadium. The massed bands of all the British troops at present stationed in Bombay will participate in what will be a musical event that should not be missed by residents and visitors. The programme will, of course, be carefully chosen and this distinctive feature will be undoubtedly one of the most striking features yet introduced by the executive. The R.A.M. band and those of two local volunteer corps will also play individually during the day. Owing to an "At Home" on H. M. S. "Medina" H. I. M. the King Emperor's band will play in the Exhibition from 7-30 to 9-30 p.m. and not from 6-30 to 8-30 as previously stated.

THE Burma pearling season has set in and dealers in pearls are now flocking to Mergui, a town in Lower Burma, noted for its pearls. Recently two pearls were found in the same shell, one of them valued at £4,000.

A young gentleman who was charged, at the Marylebone Police Court with stealing an electric lamp from a public street lamp, and when asked what he was, replied that he was studying for the Indian Police, at which there was laughter, in which the prisoner joined. The charge was withdrawn.

THE CITY OF "LA BOUILLABAISSE."

A Pilgrimage to Marseilles.

Old hands at wintering on the Riviera, says Mr. H. Copland in the "Daily Mail," generally make a pilgrimage once a year to this home of "la Bouillabaisse." They pass through Marseilles twice each season; but when you are on the way from wintry sleet to the land of sunshine and flowers, you don't feel inclined to make two bites at the cherry—a berth in the "rapide" that makes the fewest stops is "indicated." But a reversal of the climatic changes must be handled differently. Jumping at once from the sunny streets of Nice into the cold fog of Paris, can be arranged just as expeditiously by the railway company, and its propaganda of literature seldom mentions any other course—much to the indignation of the Marseilles hotelkeepers. But the old hands have discovered that the time gained by the quick trip is frequently bought by a week's stay in bed afterwards and a considerable outlay in mustard plasters and things.

That's how it comes that I take an annual repast of Bouillabaisse on the high terrace of "La Reserve" overlooking the harbour of Marseilles and the incredibly blue sea spotted with the one round mustard-coloured island whence Monte Christo's body was hurled into the water in a sack.

BELOVED OF NOVELISTS.

Your typical Marseillais—dear to the heart of Robert Louis Stevenson, and beloved of Alphonse Daudet—is seldom hampered by reticence and shyness, and I found the "chef" of the kitchens of this celebrated resort enter into conversation with eager volubility.

"Do I put garlic in Bouillabaisse? Certainly not! 'Au cabanon' yes—but not here. That is what you would call fisherman's style 'au cabanon.' You are in the open air all day and you not only put in 'garlic' but you crush it first with a hammer to make sure of the full flavour. The fisherman call it the 'Vanilla of Marseilles' you know." And the chef's eyes looked far away and I knew that he personally would exchange all the dainties of that gilded hall for one short redolent moment "au cabanon."

"But no, Monsieur; never a trace of garlic in my Bouillabaisse. Yet you must just hover always about the edge of garlic; you must use a bit of every plant that approaches garlic—you must think garlic, but never employ it!"

Then I was taught somewhat the delicate adjustments of flavourings essential to the blending of Bouillabaisse. For instance, there is the minced heart of an onion almost microscopically minute; there is one absurd little dried leaf of laurel; there is a little piece of stem—smaller than a match—broken from a particular part of the root of a fennel plant; there is a piece of dried orange skin, not so large as a postage stamp. It is here that many people learn with astonishment that Bouillabaisse is not a soup. It is eaten at Marseilles with a knife and fork—save for the occasional eclipse of the latter by the former "au cabanon!"

A QUEER BUT FASCINATING TOWN.

It's a queer town is Marseilles, and a fascinating one. Marseilles is just as uniquely and character[istically] Marseillaise as Bouillabaisse is Bouillabaisse. There is no other mixture quite like it. The Cannebiere! "More picturesque" says Baedeker, "and containing more sumptuous cafes than even the Grands Boulevards of Paris." "If Paris only had a Cannebiere," the Marseillais loves to boast, "it would be a little Marseilles!" But the charm of Marseilles lies in those features where she more resembles Port Said or Constantinople—or the South Sea Island. The shipping and the sailors and the creaking of cordage, and the breaking up of old ships and the laying down of new ones and the dainty movements of white yachts and the barefooted shuttlings of stevedores under coarse sacks of copra—all is so delightfully adjacent to the sumptuousness of the cafes. Within ten minutes' walk of the Cannebiere, you will hear scraps of talk in ten different languages.

You may read Stevenson from end to end in all that tells of the South Sea islands, meeting copra on every page and witnessing it conveyed on board every piratical craft whose rakish masts stand forth from his pages and yet not learn what copra is. I confess such was my case and it was a thrilling moment to me when I came across it at its final destination of Marseilles. Shiploads of it are daily handled here amidst plain surrounding of top-hats and taximeter cabs. It is the main ingredient in the staple commodity of the city—Marseilles soap.

SOAP FACTORIES.

My interest led me so far as to follow it through all its successive stages from the one condition to the other. There are almost countless factories of soap at Marseilles. The one I happened to visit was that of the celebrated brand, so well known to Paris housewives, the "Fer a Cheval."

At the door of the establishment I came across two huge wagons unloading two consignments so disparate, united at that door, that it seemed only Marseilles could furnish such a sight. One was a load of copra from the South Sea Islands—little dried twists of the edible part of the cocoanut—and the other was a consignment to this soap factory of thousands of little rolls of the size of your fist, each neatly knotted with cord by a Chinese barber and representing one year's growth of hair of some celestial peasant. After all the barbering and transportation the price of each bunch here in Marseilles is rather less than five centimes. One wonders whether the fractional part of that sum that goes to the individual peasant could really prove an object for the growth of one whole year.

The copra furnishes all the grease of the soap, and that is why soap factories in Marseilles, give off no unpleasant odours. Were it otherwise Marseilles would be unlivable. The copra is squeezed under enormous pressure through the pores of sacks—a dozen sacks of it piled in a row under the descending piston—till the grease runs out in rivulets, the dry substance remaining in the sacks furnishing food highly cherished by cows and horses in the form of hard cakes or biscuits. Well, it is to make these sacks that the human hair is employed; any form of linen or hemp wearing out in a mere fraction of the time that the hair endures.

ENDLESS NEW IMPRESSIONS.

I never pass a day or—what is better as a gradation in climates at the fickle time of year between the Riviera and the north—a week in Marseilles without constantly receiving more new impressions than in any city of Europe. I don't mean the first superficial ones—although heaven knows it is strange enough to cross the harbour in what looks like a Staten Island ferry boat till you find it is not touching the water, and is travelling suspended from a huge structure that spans the sky like another Brooklyn Bridge. I mean the strange sights of the harbour by day, and the tragic passings of incoming and outgoing travellers in your hotel in the evening. A big P. and O. liner floods the hotel of a sudden with several hundred voyagers who are taking leave of one another and calling out messages to the last moment of separation, and the same day a Bibby liner will have sailed and depleted within an hour what was the evening before a crowded dining-room.

The hotels are of the old-fashioned, comfortable type with high ceilings and ample rooms. At most of them the carriages drive right through the centre of the building as they did in Napoleon's time, and sitting in the lobby you could fancy yourself being in almost any country, in any clime, and when you stroll out and follow the line of glittering cafes that intersect the Cannebiere and brush elbows with the polyglot crowds you would only be sure of one thing—that you were certainly not in Europe.

DEPARTURES.

Per s. s. "Olympia," Dec. 20.

The Anchor Line s. s. "Olympia" will sail from No. 2 shed, Victoria Dock, on the evening of the 20th instant with the following passengers. Medical inspection, at 5-45 p. m. sharp:—

TO MARSEILLES.—Walker Mrs W G and infant

TO LONDON.

French, Mrs T H	Turner, Mr C W A
Jenkins, Mr R A	Turner, Mrs
Macpherson Mrs M, child and nurse	Walton, Mr H C
Oke, Mr A W	Walton, Mrs. child and infant

TO LIVERPOOL.

Cruddas, Mrs, B infant and nurse	Means, Miss M
Masmore, Miss	Smyth, Mr J C

MOTOR LINERS.

Remarkable Development.

In connection with the shipping industry few developments have been more remarkable than the progress made with the use of internal combustion engines for marine purposes.

Up to a year ago they were confined to small river vessels and yachts: to-day there are building or about to be built, with a view to classification in Lloyd's Register no fewer than twelve ocean-going ships which will be fitted with oil engines, the largest of them exceeding 8,000 tons gross, while the fact that a motor-driven boat of 14,000 tons is actually in contemplation suggests that an even more notable advancement is about to take place.

The first vessels of size to be equipped with such engines were the Vandal and the Sarmet with a dead-weight carrying capacity of 700 tons each built in Sweden six years ago for service between Rebinsk and St. Petersburg, a distance of 683 miles and the first big motor-boat constructed in this country was the Toiler of 1,659 tons gross which was also the first vessel of the kind to cross the Atlantic, a passage which she successfully accomplished not many weeks ago. Last year also the Vulcanus of 1,179 tons was completed at Amsterdam, but these were regarded as more or less experimental.

DANISH ENTERPRISE.

Now, however, oil-engined boats of liner dimensions are being got ready for service. For the Danish East Asiatic Company, there was launched at Copenhagen on November 4, the "Seelandia," of 5,000 tons, while a sistership, the "Jutlandia," was put into the water recently on the Clyde. Each vessel is about 390ft. long, with a beam of 53ft., the propelling machinery consisting of Diesel engines, capable of developing 3,000 h.p.

Both are to have three masts and the fumes from the engine-room will be led up inside the mizenmast and exhausted at a height of 48ft. above the deck, the siren on the mainmast being operated by compressed air.

There are also building in German yards for the Hamburg American Line, two motor-boats of 6,000 and 8,000 tons, and it is expected that they will be ready for sea trial in January, while a similar vessel of 4,500 tons is in course of construction at West Hartlepool for Messrs. Furness, Whithy, and Co., the first British shipping company to engage in such an enterprise on so large a scale.

As the most serious of the problems have already been solved, it is now confidently believed that the internal combustion engine will soon become a serious competitor to steam propulsion, and, with the discovery and development of new oilfields, will to some extent supplant it. There are no funnels, no boilers, and no coal bunkers, the petroleum being stored in tanks along the double bottom of the vessel, and conveyed by pumping apparatus to the motors, so that there will be an entire absence of smoke, soot, and dirt, caused by coaling as at present.

Moreover, the machinery space is only about a third of that which is necessary for steam engines, with the result that there will be more accommodation for passengers and cargo. Another advantage is that the engines can be started in five minutes, as compared with fifteen hours required to raise steam with boilers.

MAKING "WINDJAMMERS" PAY.

In sailing-ship circles, too, the hope appears to be widely entertained that oil engines as auxiliary power may solve the problem of making "windjammers" pay. At any rate, several French owners in furtherance of this policy, have had motors fitted for the purpose, and at Bordeaux lately the five-masted barque "La France," of 5,500 tons dead-weight capacity, the largest sailer in the world, was launched for a Rouen firm. She is provided with two Diesl engines, developing 1,800 h. p. and is intended for the transport of ore from New Caledonia to Europe. The sails and motors combined are estimated to give a speed of seventeen knots in favourable weather, and when the latter are not required the shafts are uncoupled and the propellers run free. Apart from other uses the engines may easily help the vessel off a lee shore, as well as get her out of a region of calms.

THE WHITEHALL UPHEAVAL.

Position of Sir William May.

When the impending wholesale changes on the Board of Admiralty and in the Fleet commands were fully realised in naval circles at Devonport in mail week, writes a correspondent, there was endless discussion as to the cause of it all. It was generally prophesied that there was much more to come out, and that all the war echoes had not yet died away.

The biggest surprise of all was the non-inclusion of Admiral Sir W. H. May, the Naval Commander-in-Chief of the Plymouth Station, in the list of those preferred to a seat at the Admiralty. It was generally believed that the gallant officer would be the new First Sea Lord; indeed within the past fortnight regretful allusion was made at a social function of bluejackets' wives held in a well-known local institution to the departure of Sir William May in March next.

Unless there are any more surprises, Admiral May can, under the altered circumstances, remain in charge at Plymouth, until April 11, 1914, when his allotted three years term of office will be up, unless, as in all probability will be the case, he becomes an Admiral of the Fleet.

Whether Admiral of the Fleet Sir A. K. Wilson, V. C., the ex-First Sea Lord, elects to retire now from the active list, or remans until March next, when he is compulsorily pensioned on £1,222 per annum on reaching his seventieth birthday, it matters not from the advancement point of view—to his subordinates. Sir Arthur is borne in excess of the establishment of Admirals of the Fleet under a special Order in Council of March 1, 1907, and whenever the retirement takes place there will be no subsequent promotions.

The three remaining active Admirals of the Fleet, Sir C. F. Hotham, Sir G. H. U. C. Noel, and Sir A. D. Fanshawe, are not due for retirement until March 1913, March, 1915, and April, 1927, respectively.

The following Admirals, all senior to Sir W. H. May, retire next year on attaining the age of sixty-five:—

Sir L. A. Beaumont, First and Principal Naval A.-D.-C. to the King, on May 19.

Sir A. W. Moore, Commander-in-Chief at Portsmouth, July 30.

Sir R. N. Custance, September 20; and Sir G. L. Atkinson-Willes, July 13.

It is apparent, therefore apart from death, or other extraordinary circumstances, that Admiral May will reach the highest rank in the service when Admiral-of-the-Fleet Sir C. F. Hotham retires in March, 1913, or a year before his present tenure of office would ordinarily expire.

It will have been noticed in the official communication issued by the Admiralty, so far as Vice-Admiral Sir G.Le Clerc Egerton, K.C.B., ex-Second Sea Lord, is concerned, "that the King has been pleased to approve of his appointment to the command of a home port on the first vacancy." The first home port to be vacant will be, as already shown, Portsmouth, in July of next year. The only other two home ports' commands, of Plymouth and Chatham, will not become vacant until April and August respectively of 1914.

RACING.

Viceroy's Cup and Trials.

CALCUTTA, Dec. 19.

The following horses are scratched from the Trials:—Victor, Decidedly, Aquatic and Sanhedrin. From the Cup the following horses are scratched: Victor, Black Douglas and Maria Farina and from the Grand National, Te Kaion.

Kaffirpan has no chance of running in the National as he is down with tetanus.

Wootton, Bowley and Saxby are all doing riding work.

For the Trials, the prices are five to four against Soulditne two to one Tangaroa; three to one Lumination, five to one Aborigine and Prince Rupert, Longer prices the rest.

For the Cup the betting is three to one Mayfowl; Four to one Vavasor; five to one Aborigine, Black Buck and Last Call: ten to one Wavebird, and longer prices the rest.

LITTLE SPELLS of Fever, Little Chills so bland, make the mighty graveyard and the angel band SQUIBB'S AGUE SPECIFIC taken now and then keeps a man healthy, in a fever den. Of all chemists and stores in India—MADON, SONS and Co., Bombay.

THE WEATHER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT,)

SIMLA, Dec. 19.

The weather has been practically dry everywhere. It is probable that snow has fallen on the hills of Baluchistan, as some light rain was reported from Chaman and Quetta. The forecast shows that some snow is likely to fall in Kashmir and a few scattered falls of rain in the south-east of Madras.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT

FOR THE 19th OF DECEMBER.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Tuesday, the 19th December, 1911, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab—Skies are clear in the south-eastern districts and lightly clouded elsewhere. The moisture in the air and temperature are equal to the average.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear. Humidity is normal or in excess. Minimum temperature is in defect in the southern districts.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear in Rajputana and lightly to moderately clouded in Sind. The moisture in the air is in excess in lower Sind and in defect in Rajputana. Temperature is in excess in upper Sind.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear in west Central India and lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in defect. Maximum temperature is generally in excess; the minimum is also above normal at Surat and in west Central India.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear. The moisture in the air is either equal to or above the average. Temperature continues generally in excess.

The Konkan.—Skies are lightly clouded. Humidity and temperature are normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear in the north Bombay Deccan and lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. The moisture in the air and temperature are approximately equal to the average.

General Remarks.—Colombo is the only station reporting rainfall. Light to moderate cloud has spread over the whole of the Peninsula; conditions continue unsettled in the south of the Bay of Bengal. Skies are lightly clouded in Sind and the Punjab also, but no precipitation appears likely in the plains of north-west India.

A few light showers may possibly occur in the south of the Peninsula.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The reading of the barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32° F. and for Calcutta standard at 8 a.m. (local time) 19th December, was 30·049 inches. The height of Observatory barometer cistern above zero of the tide gauge at Apollo Bunder is 47 feet. The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge was 11 feet at 8 a.m. (local time). The temperature correction for a mercurial barometer, supposing the reading to be 30·00 inches and that of the attached thermometer 80 deg. F. will be 14in, and this will be higher or lower by 01 inch for each 4 degrees. In the case of the aneroid no temperature correction is required. Should the height of barometer cistern either mercurial or aneroid above zero of tide gauge be different from 47 feet by 1 foot, it will read higher or lower by 01 inch for each 11 feet. The readings above are distinct from those given in the daily weather report to which different corrections have been applied.

H. A. ARMSTRONG,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

M. P. AS ACTOR.

Impressive New Passion Play.

The examination hall of London University a the Imperial Institute is a big place to fill, but i was on Wednesday of mail week. For two hour the large audience, which included a number o well-known clergymen, sat in reverent silence an stillness while Mrs. Percy Dearmer's morality pla "The Soul of the World," was unfolded befor them.

The wife of a North London clergyman, this plucky lady having written the drama, actually formed a society to produce it. That society now has a thousand members, and is under the highest ecclesiastical as well as royal patronage.

For the four performances of "The Soul of the World" almost all the seats were sold before the first took place, thanks to the persistent efforts of the author and her friends. A fifth has had to be announced already. Further, Mrs. Dearmer persuaded well-known actors and actresses to take up nearly every part in her long cast. The whole of the work of production has indeed been a labour of love on the part of all concerned.

IMPRESSIVE AND STIMULATING.

And now for the drama itself. Without either the touching, emotional simplicity of "Eagerheart" or the rough dramatic power of the Oberammergau Passion Play, "The Soul of the World" is, nevertheless, impressive, and assuredly calculated to stimulate the religious sense. There are three scenes in it—the first Nazareth, where the Annunciation is seen after a picturesque interlude of Eastern village life; the second, Bethlehem, enable at Bethlehem, showing the arrival of the shepherds and the kings; the third, the hill of Calvary and the foot of the Cross.

Of the many fine performances, it is only possible to note Mr. Hearn's old Prophet Simeon, Miss Braithwaite's Mugdalane, the kings of Mr. Kenyon Mesgrave and Mr. Robert Farquharson, and above all, the very tender and beautiful Mary Virgin of Miss Henrietta Watson.

The third king by the way, is played by a politician whose voice is heard more often in Parliament than on the stage. This is Mr. Hugh Law, M.P., whose striking appearance in chain armour and spirited delivery of the warrior monarch's lines would equally surprise and delight his fellow-members of the House of Commons.

LIMITS OF FREE SPEECH.

Magistrate's Censure.

A young man, John Bonnar Thompson, calling himself a public speaker, of Kemble-street, Drury lane, was charged at Marlborough-street police-court in mail week, with doing an act calculated to provoke a breach of the peace. Witnesses deposed that on Wednesday afternoon of mail week, in Hyde Park, the prisoner made insulting remarks about the late Queen Victoria, with the result that the crowd round him became disorderly. Some of the audience shouted out that he ought to be looked up, whipped and shot.

In cross-examining a witness Thompson suggested that what he said was that the Royal Family could drink as much gin as they liked whereas the working classes were denounced for drinking. The witness denied that that was said by the prisoner. In defence the prisoner said he was a Socialist and claimed the right to criticise every institution in the land. He was always peaceable and had no ill feeing against Royalty.

"DASTARDLY WAY."

Mr. Mead said that the sections of the Act dealing with this matter were frames in the interests of the public and speakers as well. Free speech was allowed, but it must be exercised with decency and restraint, not in the vulgar, dastardly way the prisoner had spoken. He did not deny referring to the late Queen, and in that connection in his speech making reference to gin-drinking. He had no doubt Thompson did use those disgraceful words reflecting on the character of a woman, and that was a dastardly thing to do without considering the exalted rank of our late revered Queen Victoria. He associated that lady with the vice of gin-drinking, and he must be punished. If he had any regard for his own skin he would be well advised to leave out such references in future, as there might not be police at hand to protect him.

Assistant Gaoler Scott said that the prisoner was still under recognisances in connection with a disorderly meeting. On the previous occasion he went to prison for twenty-one days, as he failed to find a surety.

Mr. Mead now fined the prisoner 40s. or a month's imprisonment.

Thompson: Can I have time to pay?

Mr. Mead: No.

DOMESTIC HYGIENE.

How to Maintain Health in India.

The question of health in a country like India practically resolves itself in the overcoming of the difficulties due to extremes of temperature, dryness, moisture and miasmata. These, in their turn, are affected by questions of food, drink, clothing, lodging, exercise and recreation.

Light woollen underclothing is a cardinal point in health, and a so-called "cholera belt" is often of great value. Exposure to the direct solar heat or a high temperature in the shade should be avoided, and so should stimulating or rich food and alcoholic drinks, the latter being taken in extreme moderation if used at all.

The diet should be plain and simple, and an excess of animal food should be rigorously avoided, with the view of obviating dyspepsia, congestion of the liver, interference with assimilation and plethora. On the other hand, it does not do to imitate too closely the diet of the natives, for the European stomach can no more obtain from the Hindoo diet all that is necessary for nutrition than it could, in other circumstances, from the blubber which the Eskimo finds sufficient.

Every authority states that people in India eat more than they can assimilate or is needed for their nutrition. The result is they get deranged digestion, disordered liver, bowel complaints, and their power of assimilation is greatly reduced.

HOW TO AVOID LISTLESSNESS.

The enervating character of the climate makes most people imagine they need an alcoholic stimulant. They do not; but there is absolutely no need for people to become cranks on the subject of teetotalism, although doctors everywhere are preaching the value of complete abstention from alcohol.

For people who desire to give themselves the best chance—and who does not?—Science has pointed the way by which animal food on the one hand can be largely omitted and alcohol on the other, without causing that feeling of weakness, that "all gone" sensation which is so constantly complained of, especially before the system has got accustomed to doing without these articles on which the individual used to rely.

The means by which this can be done is by the use of Sanatogen, that wonderful preparation which has such revitalising and re-creative powers that it is universally admitted to be the greatest tonic food in existence. It owes its unique qualities to the fact that it is a chemical combination of the body-building portion of pure cow's milk with that salt of phosphorus which is found in the brain and nervous system. The consequence is that almost immediately after it has been taken it is assimilated, and exercises its beneficent effects on the brain and nerves generally. As a result, the majority of those who take it experience the same sort of feeling of well-being, of being strong and able to do anything, which they habitually experienced after the use of their favourite form of alcohol.

ENTHUSIASTIC MEDICAL TESTIMONY.

More than this, however, Sanatogen has the power of satisfying hunger to a marked degree, and by supplying the body with a highly nitrogenous food, it enables those who take it to work harder and go longer hours without the desire for food. The immediate result of this is that the stomach and the digestive organs generally are rested. They are, therefore, able to regain the tone which they had lost, and thus recover their power of dealing efficiently with the ordinary articles of diet.

So widely appreciated are these qualities of the preparation, which a writer in *The Medical Press and Circular* states "has strengthened the physician's hand a hundredfold," that thousands of families in India are known to make a point of using Sanatogen every day as part of their regular diet. The effect is seen in the uninterruptedly good health which they enjoy, their immunity from the usual diseases like Malaria, Dysentery and Fever, from which most people suffer at some time or other, their constant fitness, and their generally optimistic outlook on life.

A distinguished German physician practising in India writes:—"If any remedy should find the widest appreciation in tropical countries it is Sanatogen. Not only in my opinion, but in the opinion of many well-known medical men, there is no preparation which is as powerful to restore vitality, no better tonic is known, and none more suitable to convalescents from tropical diseases. It is as effective in removing many of the weakening disorders in young children as it is effective in staying the decay of old age as far as is physiologically practicable."

Sanatogen may be obtained at all chemists and bazaars.

RAILWAY RIOT.

Fight With Police.

Thousands of infuriated suburban passengers on the State-owned Western Railway invaded the Saint-Lazare Station, Paris, in mail week and created a riot in the course of which eight policemen were hurt and twenty-six arrests were made.

Owing to the breaking of an axle about 7-30 yesterday morning a goods truck was derailed outside the Batignolles goods yard, blocking traffic both ways along the entire suburban system. With characteristic negligence, the railway official failed to notify the suburban stations that the line was blocked, with the result that the morning trains packed with wage-earners, proceeded as usual, only to be stopped at Clichy, a populous suburb about two miles from the terminus. By a quarter-past eight fifteen trains from Versailles, Saint Germain and Argenteuil were held up between Asnieres and Clichy.

Chaffing at the delay, with the prospect of being late for business, the passengers got out and began to walk along the metals to Paris. Hundreds of persons joined the procession at the stations of Asnieres and Clichy and altogether 10,000 suburbanities marched, shouting and hooting, from Asnieres to the Gare Saint-Lazare between the hours of 8.30 and 10. One or two trains which managed to pass Clichy by using a good siding were taken by storm, but when they reached the Batignolles tunnel they too were stopped.

Then the indignation of the passengers knew no bounds. They vented their rage by smashing the carriage windows and hurling the cushions out on the line. Once more the journey to Paris on foot began.

Extraordinary scenes were witnessed throughout the morning at the Saint-Lazare Station. It was about 8-30 that the advance guard of the angry suburbanities defiled into the terminus making the glass roof re-echo to their irascible shouts. On the platforms they encountered no less exasperated passengers waiting for trains to leave Paris. Both parties made common cause and headed for the railway offices. At the crucial moment fifty policemen appeared, and a violens collision took place. Blows were exchanged, passengers and police were knocked down and trampled on amid, and ear splitting din of men's shouts and women's screams. It looked as if the station were going to be sacked when 200 police reinforcements came on the scene supported by fifty cyclist constables. Passengers were arrested on all sides, but the crowd succeeded in rescuing many of these. Only twenty-six were taken to the police station.

Finally about ten o'clock order was restored, but half an hour later an extraordinary incident provoked a fresh outbreak. The first train to leave the terminus was unable to get further than the Batignolles tunnel, and had to come back. As it steamed gently into the terminus again a chorus of "Down with the State railway" arose from every carriage and more turbulent scenes took place. The police had to intervene again, and seven arrests were effected.

The time-table was entirely disorganised throughout the morning.

Two policemen sustained sprained wrists in the scuffles and six were badly bruised.

ONE of CUPID'S strongest allies is POPULAR BEAUTY—CHARM. Improves complexion and renders the skin soft and velvety. A boon to Lady Motorists. In two shades, Pink and white. MADON SONS and Co., Crawford Market, Bombay.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

THE NEW SEASON'S HATS.

The latest style of hats have much to recommend them. In the first place they are not of that freakish type that has been so prominent of late; in the second, they are far from expensive. A particularly smart example on view at a leading London milliner's is made of black velvet, with a crown that is entirely covered with swathings of very wide ribbon arranged so as to completely hide the crown and terminating in a large up-standing bow placed almost at the top of the crown, two big loops of which stand straight up like a rabbit's ears. Another equally "chic" model, which is very youthful looking, shows a smart little white felt hat with a turned up brim that is edged all round with coloured fringe. Two enormous quills of a contrasting colour are set at one side and finished off by a pretty sabochon, also made of fringe. This hat looks remarkably well for a young girl, and, worn with one of the new reversible veils, is the latest idea in smart millinery.

A NEW STOLE AND MUFF.

An innovation that is coming in for a great deal of admiration is a novel muff and stole fashioned of rows of white marabout, and trimmed with a rucked coloured satin ribbon which runs down the centre of the stole, while a large ribbon bow is so placed that when the stole is thrown over one shoulder it comes just below the ear. A large granny muff made to match is also trimmed with a ruching of ribbon, and is smartly tied, the bow set in front. These new sets are being very much adopted for wear over an evening cloak or toilette. Both at the opera and at the theatre this season, not only stoles, but large granny muffs have made their appearance. These look remarkably smart and effective made in marabout, which is very light and very warm; while the coloured ribbon is arranged so that it harmonises with the toilette or cloak, with which the muff and stole is worn.

THE LATEST HAND SATCHEL.

A pretty vanity bag or hand satchel that is being universally adopted by all the smartest women in town is made of the finest seal leather dyed in soft tones of blue, silver grey, or pink. These bags are made very flat and in shape of the ever-fashionable satchel, having a deep flap ornamented with a very narrow flexible silver mount that forms an extremely narrow border. Such a bag is fitted with a purse and a mirror, and finished by a long silk tasselled cord, so that if necessary it can be worn slung over one shoulder. A great feature of these new bags is that, although they are quite large enough to take all those et-ceteras that the up-to-date woman loves to carry about with her, they are no heavier than an ordinary purse.

A BAG FOR THEATRE WEAR.

Yet another new bag which is new the craze in Paris is made of velvet and elaborately ornamented with steel beads. This is of the long bolster shape, tasselled at either end and caught by a steel ring in the middle after the fashion of the purses commonly used in our grandmother's day. Either side is fitted with a pocket large enough to carry a pair of opera glasses, purse, vanity case, etc. These bags are being sold in London made of black velvet, and can be copied in any colour to match an evening toilette.

A CAKE BASKET THAT FOLDS UP.

Now that winter tea-parties are the order of the day, a new cake basket that is on view at a leading shop in London is coming in for a good deal of attention. This is composed of three plates with a silver handle, and made in such a manner that when not in use the whole folds up quite flat and can be put away as easily as a single plate. When in use this stand expands, so that it resembles an ordinary tripod, one plate being arranged above the other. This clever invention stands first amongst the Christmas presents of the season, as it is very decorative and anything but expensive.

A NEW IDEA IN WORK BASKETS.

Another charming present that has a spice of novelty about it is an ingenious work basket made of the skin of a armadillo, curled up in the most life-like manner, lending its oval shape for a basket; while the arched head and tail forms a very firm handle. It is lined with satin, and has pockets to hold scissors, thimble, cottons, etc.; while the handle is trimmed with a pretty soft ribbon bow to match the lining.

THE POSITION OF MOSLEM WOMEN.

Sir John Macdonell presided at a lecture given on Nov. 29 by Syed Ameer Ali, under the auspices of the University of London, in the hall of University College, Gower Street, on "The Legal Position of the Women of Moslem Countries." Syed Ameer Ali said that in European countries there was great misapprehension regarding the legal position of women in Islam, it being supposed that in Christian countries alone woman occupied an equal place with man. To England the subject was of more than academic interest, since 100,000,000 of Mussulmans directly or indirectly owed allegiance to our Sovereign. A sympathetic understanding of their laws and institutions was of the greatest importance to the empire, and it was both surprising and regrettable that a high dignitary of the Church should have recently asserted that Moslem women occupied a position akin to that of slaves, and sometimes worse. This statement was untrue and offensive. His own view, based on wide acquaintance with legal systems, was that in Islam woman occupied a far higher legal position than even in England until recent years, and a decidedly higher position than in many continental countries. As to polygamy and the seclusion of women of good social position, these were ancient practices which existed long before the Prophet. Polygamy was as much, or as little, a part of Islam as any disagreeable custom practised in the West was a part of Christianity. Indeed, it had been greatly checked by Islamic laws amounting to virtual prohibition, and it was falling into disuse in countries like India, Persia, and Turkey. The Chairman, in seconding a vote of thanks proposed by Lord Reay, said that this was one of a series of lectures on legal systems by eminent authorities. He hoped it was no longer the case, as was stated by Mr. Ameer Ali in the preface of one of his books in 1880, that we in this country devoted far less attention than the French to the study and elucidation of Moslem law.

STEAMER TURNS TURTLE.

Only Two of the Crew Saved.

Details reached Plymouth in mail week by the P. and O. Company's Australian mail steamer "Macedonia" of a thrilling story of the wreck of the steamer "Macleay," near Broughton Island. The vessel struck a reef and turned turtle, and only two of those on board were saved.

The "Macleay" was engaged in coasting service, and was bound from Newcastle, New South Wales, to the Northern Rivers. Captain Keith was in command with a crew of seventeen. The two men saved were W. Swanney and C. Pettersen, and the vessel struck the rocks whilst the latter was at the wheel.

The steamer crashed into the reef and sank almost immediately. Swanney was carried under the water by suction as the Macleay foundered, and on coming to the surface found men and two or three horses struggling frantically. A large plank and other wreckage was secured, and Swanney, with the aid of a sailor and a donkeyman, made a raft, which drifted shorewards. Pettersen was in the moonlight holding on a hatch.

About ten o'clock in the morning Swanney reached the breakers, and was flung well up on the sand by a wave. Just before this the donkeyman had fallen exhausted off the raft and sank. The sailor, named Hansen, was also drowned. Pettersen eventually landed about four miles from where Swanney got ashore.

At the inquest on the bodies, the Coroner held that the loss of life was caused by the careless navigation of the chief officer.

WEALTH OF THE ROTHSCHILDS.

Ever since the battle of Waterloo, when a Rothschild was the first in England to obtain the news and profit by it on the Stock Exchange, the name of Rothschild has been synonymous with that of untold wealth. The recent death in Paris of Baron Gustave has again drawn momentary attention to the fortune of the great house, whose extent it is by no means easy to calculate. Everybody knows that the brothers are partners, and that the bank has establishments in London, Paris, Berlin, Frankfort, and Vienna. The French branch was founded by Baron James, whose son Edmond alone outlived him. When the Baron Solomon, the first of his four sons, died in 1864, he left a widow and a daughter, Helen.

At the marriage of Mlle. Helen with Baron van Zuylen de Myevelt, the first idea was gained of the wealth of each, as her share of her father's inheritance which she brought with her as dowry amounted to £14,000,880. Consequently, Baron Solomon's fortune was double this, and his three brothers and his sister, who married Baron Nathaniel, of London, having an equal sum the total of the five was nearly £160,000,000 at that date. As there are four branches almost equally rich, the whole family must have been in possession of nearly £640,000,000. No one member, however, is probably as rich as Mr. Belt, or even Sir J. B. Robinson, both of whom are credited with over £80,000,000.

France, which is certainly one of the richest countries in the world, has few extremely rich men, according to modern estimates. In his curious book, "The rich men of the last seven hundred years" M. Avenel states that he has not been able to find any fortune before the French Revolution bringing in a revenue of over £120,000 a year. At present there are at least fifty in this class, and 120 men who can spend between £40,000 and £120,000 per annum. Before the beginning of the nineteenth century there were only about fifteen capitals of over £1,200,000. These calculations, of course, exclude ancient times, for nobody has yet equalled the wealth of Croesus.

RAILWAY RETURNS.

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

The following is the comparative statement of Traffic earnings for week ending 9th December,

	Miles Open.	Total for the period.	Earnings for previous week	Total to date.
Approximate cargs. for week ending 9th Dec. 1911				
G. I. P. Ry. Including I. M. Ry. System...	2791·24	17,11,700	26369215	2603915
A.-D.-O. Ry.....	125·66	£9900	888821	934721
Baran Kotah Ry.	40·29	4800	75618	80419
Total...	2957·29	1767400	27328654	29096054
Earnings for corresp. days ending 9th Dec. 1910				
G. I. P. Ry. Including I. M. R. System ...	2783·93	1639282	23376755	24966037
A.-D.-O. Ry. ...	125·66	34857	715462	750319
B.-K. Ry.....	40·29	1538	45160	46698
Total	2949·88	1675677	24087377	25763054
Inc. or Dec.	G. I. P. R. Incg. I. M. R. System	+ 7·41	+ 72418	5042460	3114878
	A. D. C. R.	.....	+ 16049	+ 168359	+ 184402
	Baran-Kotah R.	.....	+ 3262	+ 30458	+ 33720

NOTE.—Corrected with Audited figures upto 31st Oct a Chief y in local traffic due to the arrival of Their Imperial Majesties in Bombay and to special trains for the Delhi Durbar.

GODHRA-RUTLAM-NAGDA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 2nd December on 141·14 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (Estimated.)	Total Earnings.
Total Traffic for the week.....	Rs. 11,000	Rs. 27,000	Rs.	Rs 38,000
Or per mile of Railway	78	191	.....	269
For previous 21 weeks of half year	1,88,694	6,95,794	2,947	8,87,435
Total for 22 weeks	1,99,694	7,22,794	2,947	9,25,435
COMPARISON.				
Total for corresponding week of previous year	8,476	55,986	1,071	65,483
Per mile of Ry..	60	396	8	464
Total to corresponding date.	1,65,067	5,87,648	4,376	7,57,091

Decrease for the week ..... Rs. 27,483
Increase to date ..... Rs. 1,68,344

RAJPUTANA-MALWA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 2nd December on 1,771·33 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Minera Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (Estimated.)	Total Earnings.
Total Traffic for the week.....	Rs. 2,20,000	Rs. 3,00,000	Rs. 7,000	Rs. 5,27,000
Or per mile of Railway.....	124	170	4	298
For previous 21 weeks of half year	42,50,833	53,42,930	1,72,866	97,66,629
Total for 22 week	44,70,833	56,42,930	1,79,866	10292629
COMPARISON.				
Total for corresponding week for previous year	1,52,553	4,08,189	7,420	5,68,162
Per mile of Ry..	86	230	4	320
Total to corresponding date...	45,74,366	51,35,953	1,35,890	

Decrease for the week ..... Rs. 41,162
Increase to date ..... Rs. 4,47

BY THE WAY.

WHERE A NEW SCIENCE WAS BORN.

McGill University, Montreal, for the endowment of which one million and a half dollars have been raised in three days, is the best known of Canadian Universities. In its magnificently equipped physics laboratories was born the new science of radioactivity which has so completely revolutionised the scientific conception of matter. This was due to the brilliant work on radium emanations carried out ten years ago by Professor Rutherford, now Director of the Physical Laboratories at Manchester University. Thanks to the liberality of Sir William Macdonald, who gave McGill its Physics Building, Professor Rutherford and Mr. Soddy, of Oxford, were enabled to investigate the mysteries of radium in a manner then impossible in any other laboratory, with the result that the revolutionary theory of radio-activity at first regarded as a flight of the imagination, attained the position of an exact science in less than two years.

THANKSGIVING DAY.

Thursday, Nov. 30, was observed by Americans throughout the world as their national Thanksgiving Day. President Taft issued from the White House the usual proclamation calling upon his fellow-countrymen "to meet in their accustomed places of worship to join in offering prayer to Almighty God and devout thanks for the loving mercies He has given us." Among these mercies he specifies freedom from pestilence, famine, and war; the abundance of the harvests and the prosperity of American industries; and the fact that our national councils have furthered the cause of peace in other lands, and the spirit of benevolence has brought us into closer touch with other peoples to the strengthening of the bonds of fellowship and good-will."

THE DERIVATION OF "MERRY ANDREW."

From St. Andrew may possibly come "Merry Andrew" because to this "gentlest of the Apostles" a comic character was assigned by the "mystery" plays of the Middle Ages, in which saints, or even more sacred personages, were habitually buffooned, and the Church saw no harm. The common derivation of the phrase from Andrew Boorde, the Scot-hating physician of Henry VIII. rests on some jest books assigned to him without reason, and on the tradition that he used to teach the people at fairs by combining his instruction with amusement. But most probably Andrew in this connexion is merely a popular general name, like Zany, which stands for Giovanni, or John.

THE KAISER AND HIS "YOUNG ONES".

According to a contributor to the "Women's Journal", the German Emperor alludes to his family—the Crown Prince to the Princess, as "Our Ones"; the Empress speaks of them not as "my children," both expressions so full of the close existing attachment. Her gives evidence at unexpected moments present thought with him of them, when they were small and entertained at State banquets or cities, he would slip quietly saying, "Those are things brought home almost that from experience."

AUSTRALIA.

Due to many people to the diamond field being Jewels of diamonds are found Amsterdam. It is said Wales promises to yet. The alluvial deposits drifts of ancient river flow. These spread areas, and are found chiefly the Transvaal, Cape Colony and Portuguese It has been discovered and annually yielding from it.

[illegible] to be on [illegible] regarding [illegible] Chambers's [illegible] stamps most [illegible] first issue of [illegible] 1847. It is [illegible] these stamps, [illegible] £1,500 to [illegible] the scarcest [illegible] since they [illegible] sold by many [illegible] time to be [illegible] sides of how

[illegible] two penny [illegible] auction. It [illegible] it was unused, [illegible] joned a defect by [illegible] for £1,450, the [illegible] of Wales. now [illegible] penny and twopenny [illegible] collection of stamps [illegible] William Avery, of the [illegible] machine making company. [illegible] executors for £24,500. [illegible] sold at the sales of notable [illegible] Ayre collection, £45,000; [illegible] Paul collection, £11,400; [illegible] tion. £7,000.

[illegible]DENCY TO SPECIALISE.

The tendency of stamp-collectors nowadays, Mr. Leckie says, is to specialise—that is, to confine their attention to the postal issues of only a few countries, or even of only one. For example, many collectors confine themselves entirely to the stamps of Great Britain and the British Colonies. Complete collections of any single country are much sought after. Recently in Paris, a collection comprising only Swiss stamps was sold for approximately £8,000 by M. Paul Mirabaud, the millionaire banker; but in the Avery collection there are several unique pieces which are absent from the Mirabaud one.

THE COST OF A CARDINAL'S HAT.

The expenses incurred by a newly-made cardinal are very considerable. The fees payable on receipt of the Papal Bull conferring the dignity amount to £81, and on the day of the Consistory, at which the new dignitary is installed, he has to pay a further sum of £128 to the Treasurer of the Papal Court, besides innumerable gratuities, ranging from 10 lire for each of the singers in the Sixtine Chapel choir up to much larger sums for higher officials. The cardinal's ring is supplied by the Propaganda for £120, the price fixed by Pius VII.; and the robes and hats come to about as much again. The clergy of the cardinal's titular church in Rome, expect a donation of at least £400. Then, for three days after his installation, the new Prince of the Church holds receptions to receive congratulations, at which refreshments have to be provided on liberal scale. Altogether, the costs are estimated at about £2,000 or more than twice the annual income allotted to each member of the Sacred College, which amounts to £939.

THE AUTOMATIC HAT-RAISER.

"A candle that flickered and went out" during the past year was, according to the "Atlantic Monthly," the effort of a citizen of Cincinnati to inaugurate a world-movement that should sweep away for ever what he mercilessly designated as the "hat-tipping evil." "The sudden exposure of one's valuable head to extreme weather conditions is dangerous"—therefore let it be abolished; let us, in fact, substitute a "graceful raising of one's hand to his hat, with a nod." Naturally the reformer got into the newspapers, and throughout the country grateful paragraphers, anxiously looking for material, figuratively took off their hats to him.

A telegram from Calcutta which we published yesterday morning announced the arrival at that port of the s.s. Dunottar Castle and referred to her as bringing a party of American tourists. This was an error as the Dunottar Castle sailed from home bringing a party of English people and amongst a number of them which she landed in Bombay in order that they might attend the Durbar was Lord Harris an ex-Governor of Bombay.

BOOKS AND BOOKMEN.

WORKS OF LIONEL JOHNSON.

The news that Mr. Elkin Matthews is to begin the publication of the complete works of Lionel Johnson with a volume of "Collected Studies" will be welcome to those who during the final decade of last century kept their eye upon every issue of the "Academy" lest a number should escape their notice containing an article over the well known signature. It is just nine years since the policeman found Johnson lying unconscious in Fleet-street, and his death so soon after in St. Bartholomew's Hospital cut short the career of one who, by the exquisite nature of his achievement in prose and by the curious impression of power which, in spite of the frail and nervous frame, he made upon those who met him, seemed marked out to be one of the literary masters of our time. "He was a scholar by instinct," said one who knew him, "a poet by longing, and a critic by profession." His poetry is the least important part of his work. It is containd in two slender volumes in which there is much graceful and carefully wrought verse, but from which the magical lyrical effects that mark true poetry are absent. There is nothing of which, in Mr. Watson's phrase, a reader says, "This savours not of death; this hath a relish of eternity." Nevertheless his training as a poet helped him as a critic, as no one who has read his fine work on "The Art of Thomas Hardy" can have failed to notice, and it is something to have been able to sum up the atmosphere of the Wessex novels in a picture so adequate and beautiful as this: "A rolling down country, crossed by a Roman road; here a grey standing stone, of what sacrificial ritual origin I can but guess; there a grassy barrow; with its great bones, its redbrown jars, its rude gold ornaments, still safe in earth, a broad sky burning with stars, and a solitary man." It is the spirit of the novels in a nutshell. On his critical work as a whole it will be easier to speak when it is collected, but if it has a fault in addition to its excessive allusiveness it is that it leans to the side of leniency, so that for example, he could say of certain papers of Cardinal Manning's "Thackeray might have written them, using the precision of Aristotle and the brevity of Bacon." His criticisms were a joy in the "Academy," however, where the editor never grudged him his eight columns, and no doubt in the promised volume we shall meet again not only the 'Fortnightly" article on his master Walter Pater, but the reviews of "The Island Night's Entertainments" of Messrs. Ellis and Yeats's edition of Blake, and that of Le Gallienne's "Religion of a Literary Man"

LETTERS RECEIVED BY WILLIAM ALLINGHAM.

The announcement that there is to be published a volume of letters received by William Allingham is of peculiar interest, because it would seem that Allingham is much more likely to be remembered by what others said or wrote to him than by anything he himself said or wrote. His case suggests that the "one good book" which is supposed to be latent in every man would be, in nine cases out of ten, not a novel but a volume of reminiscences. Even the average man in the course of an average life sees and hears enough that is witty and striking, if he could only use it, to furnish forth matter for one of those chatty and miscellaneous volumes which are the joy of subscribers to the circulating libraries. Allingham, of course, was not mere, average man. He wrote much beautiful verse, and for a time edited "Fraser's Magazine". He was therefore, an accomplished man of letters, had a deft pen, and knew what to retain and what to reject. Moreover, he had exceptional opportunities of access to valuable material. Like Charlotte Bronte, he valued his status as an author for the privilege it brought him of associating as a kindred spirit with other authors. He cultivated their society, and there is hardly a conspicuous writer of his time with whom he did not come in more or less frequent contact. Add to this that he was gifted with an evocative personality. While no man was less likely to play the flunky to men greater than himself, he had a charm which inspired confidence, and in a magical way drew forth frank conversation. Tennyson says to him, "Come whenever you like," and Thackeray talks to him "as if he were a favourite nephew." It is due to the exercise of those qualities that the "Diary" which his widow published four years ago is so satisfactory a book. It is an excellent repository of information concerning many of the Victorian writers, and its records of Tennyson and Carlyle are authentic and peculiarly interesting. That he who could evoke good talk could also evoke good letters is proven by those which Rossetti sent him. They were published in the "Atlantic Monthly" in 1896; in the following year Birkbeck Hill issued them in volume form with valuable notes, and they are not only, as Garnett said, "the best of all Rossetti's letters" as yet published, but have helped people to understand better certain aspects of that poet's character. All this will make the publication of the impending volume, which contains, among others, letters from the Brownings, Tennyson, Thackeray, Emerson, and Ruskin, an event of some literary interest.

ENGLISH POETS AND ITALIAN FREEDOM.

Many readers of Mr. Trevelyan's anthology will be struck equally by the number of English poets who have sung of Italian freedom and by the fact that Dante Gabriel Rossetti's is not one of them. Three-fourths of Rossetti's heredity was Italian, and one would have expected the theme to interest him supremely. Moreover, his father was a patriot and suffered exile for his political views, and has just been honoured by having his bust added in the gardens of the Pincio to the long series of Italians great men from Cæsar downwards. It has been suggested that during his boyhood he heard enough of Italian politics to serve for the rest of his life, and resolved to leave "gli Austriaci" and "Luigi Philippo" severely alone, but it is astonishing that he did not catch the contagion of the enthusiasm of friends so intimate as Swinburne and Meredith. The fact that he did not is one of the things that enable us to look upon Rossetti as more an Englishman than an Italian. He never visited Italy, and seems to have had no nostalgia for that country. He calls himself a "British poet"; his brother admits that he liked England and the English better than any other country and nation, and was "in many respects an Englishman in grain, and even a prejudiced Englishman," while Hall Caine thinks that "from the beginning to the end he was an absolute Englishman." These may have been more of the Italian in his sister Christina. At any rate, on the occasion of her visit with her brother in 1865 she seems to have had something of that feeling of "recognition" which the congenital Belgian in Jean Christophe experienced when he first found himself on Belgian soil, and no poet ever bade a more tender farewell to any country than Christina Rossetti did in "En Route" to the "Sister-land of Paradise." A French critic's judicious remark concerning that poem is that it shows how, beneath the fund of clear ideas in the poetess which she owed to England, there was a deposit of the ageless emotions of another race ready to assert itself. Those who are ready over and over that extraordinary poem of Mr. Masefield's "The Everlasting Mercy," and wondering increasingly at each re-reading at the wide range of poetic feeling to which it appeals, how it unites the utmost vigour of language and fancy with strains of exquisite tenderness, and how its descriptions are sometimes beautiful and delicate, as that of the householder listening to the sounds in his house at night, and sometimes wild, like that of the sunset sky seen through the eyes of the frenzied man, will not have failed to note here and there a touch like that of William Blake. Here is a passage that might have come from the "Songs of Innocence"—

He who gives a child a treat
Makes joy-bells ring in Heaven's street,
And he who gives a child a home
Builds palaces in kingdom come.

And she who gives a baby birth
Brings Saviour Christ again to earth,
For life is joy, and mind is fruit
And body's precious earth and root.

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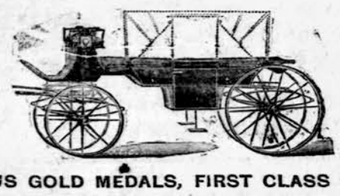

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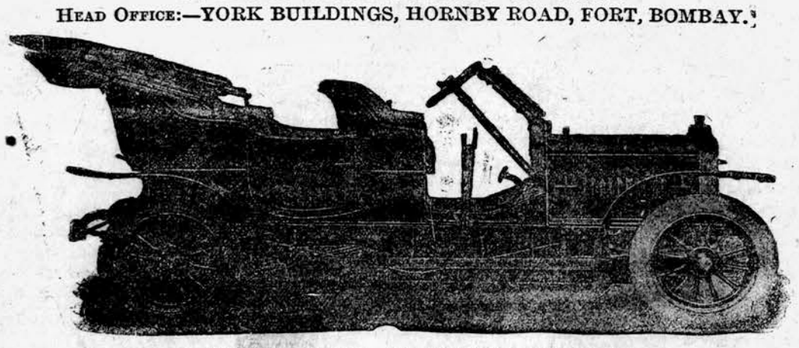

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